### **EXHIBIT B**

UNITED STATES DISTRI WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHIN	
SAMANTHA COHODAS, an individual,  Plaintiff,	) ) )
vs.	) No. 2:22-cv-01561-RAJ
THE CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY, a foreign corporation,	) ) )
Defendant.	) )
	,

VIDEOCONFERENCE DEPOSITION OF JULIA MOLANDER

March 28, 2024

Taken Remotely Via Zoom

Reporter: Teri Simons, CCR, RMR, CRR

Pages 2..5

		APPEARANCES	Page 2	1	Page 4 BE IT REMEMBERED that on Thursday,
2				2	March 28, 2024, at 9:02 a.m., before Terilynn Simons,
3	**ALL PARTIES AP	PEARING VIA ZOOM**		3	•
4	For the Pla	intiff:		4	JULIA MOLANDER, the witness herein;
5		Kari Lester		5	WHEREUPON, the following proceedings
_		Geoff Bridgman		6	were had, to wit:
6		Ogden Murphy Wallace 901 Fifth Avenue		7	were riad, to wit.
7		Suite 3500			
		Seattle, WA 98164		8	JULIA MOLANDER, having been first duly sworn
8		206.447.7000 Klester@omwlaw.com		9	by the Certified Court Reporter,
9		RIESECT GOMWIAW. COM		10	
10				11	
11 12	For the Def			12	
12		Anthony A. Todaro DLA Piper			3 Q Would you please state your name for the record?
13		701 Fifth Avenue		14	A Julia Ann Molander, M-O-L-A-N-D-E-R.
		Suite 6900		15	Q And we met briefly. I think I may have omitted to
14		Seattle, WA 98104-7029 206.839.4800		16	actually doing the introduction. My name is Geoff
15		Anthony.todaro@dlapiper.co	m	17	5 , 1
16				18	today, and so I will be taking your deposition.
17 18				19	I am going to guess since you have a fair amount of
19				20	expert work, you have had your deposition taken on
20				21	multiple occasions?
21	Also presen	t: Melaina Bell, CR shadow  Doreen Fadaiforghan		22	P. A. I have.
22		boreen radarrorghan		23	B Q So you know all the rules.
23				24	
24 25				25	
23					·
1		EXAMINATION INDEX	Page 3	1	Page 5 okay?
2	EXAMINATION BY:		PAGE NO.		A I will try to observe both.
3	MR. BRIDGMAN		4		Q Okay. And I will give you the last one, but I'm sure
4				4	C. C
5		EXHIBIT INDEX			you'll be good at it, and that is no "uh-huh" or "nuh-uh"
6	EXHIBIT NO.			5	you'll be good at it, and that is no "uh-huh" or "nuh-uh"
	EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.	5	answers.
7				6	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through
	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia	PAGE NO.	6 7	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.
7 8				6 7 <b>8</b>	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.
7	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.	6	6 7 <b>8</b> 9	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  Q With those, let's get started.
7 8 9		25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24. 33-page "Plaintiff's initial	6 17	6 7 <b>8</b> 9 10	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  Q With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by
7 8	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 <b>8</b> 9 10	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions
7 8 9	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24. 33-page "Plaintiff's initial	6 17	6 7 <b>8</b> 9 10 11 12	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?
7 8 9	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  Q With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.
7 8 9 10	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  Q And you prepared a report, correct?
7 8 9 10 11	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  Q With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  Q And you prepared a report, correct?
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  Q And you prepared a report, correct?  A That's correct.
7 8 9 110 11 112 113 114 115	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  A And you prepared a report, correct?  A That's correct.  A And the date on that report is March 15th, 2024?
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  And you prepared a report, correct?  A That's correct.  And the date on that report is March 15th, 2024?  A That is correct.  A And Kari is going to go ahead and put that up. We will
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  And you prepared a report, correct?  A That's correct.  And the date on that report is March 15th, 2024?  A That is correct.  A And Kari is going to go ahead and put that up. We will just make sure we have it identified, marked as an
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  And you prepared a report, correct?  A That's correct.  And the date on that report is March 15th, 2024?  A That is correct.  And Kari is going to go ahead and put that up. We will just make sure we have it identified, marked as an exhibit, and then we'll move on.
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  And you prepared a report, correct?  A That's correct.  And the date on that report is March 15th, 2024?  A That is correct.  And Kari is going to go ahead and put that up. We will just make sure we have it identified, marked as an exhibit, and then we'll move on.  While she is pulling that up, we have been
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  And you prepared a report, correct?  A That's correct.  A And the date on that report is March 15th, 2024?  A That is correct.  A That is correct.  A That is correct.  A That is correct.  While she is pulling that up, we have been consecutively numbering exhibits.
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Exhibit No. 1	25-page report by Julia Molander, dated 3/15/24.  33-page "Plaintiff's initial expert disclosure pursuant to	6 17	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	answers.  While I may understand it, it may not come through on the transcript.  A Yes.  With those, let's get started.  Ms. Molander, I understand that you were retained by Continental Insurance Company to provide expert opinions in this matter; is that correct?  A I was retained by counsel for Continental.  And you prepared a report, correct?  A That's correct.  And the date on that report is March 15th, 2024?  A That is correct.  And Kari is going to go ahead and put that up. We will just make sure we have it identified, marked as an exhibit, and then we'll move on.  While she is pulling that up, we have been consecutively numbering exhibits.  For your deposition, we are starting over, so we are

Pages 6..9

<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Page 6 1 Kari gets it up.	Page 8  1 A Yes. I believe I was retained to handle a UIM case in
There it is. It has been dumped in the chat.	2 Idaho.
3 If you can just pull that up and make sure to	3 Q Other than the one case in Idaho, have you been retained,
4 identify if that is, in fact, your report.	4 since 2019, as a consulting expert or as a testifying
5 Kari has it up. Perfect.	5 expert regarding other UIM claims?
6 (Exhibit No. 1 marked	6 A I don't recall.
7 for identification.)	7 There may have been one or two in which I was
8 THE WITNESS: I can identify that as	8 consulted but never did any kind of testimony in terms of
9 my report. That is it.	9 that, but I honestly don't recall that.
10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Okay. Great.	10 Q Have you done any consulting, since 2019, regarding UIM
11 Reading in the first paragraph of your report, it	11 extra-contractural claims in Washington?
12 indicates that you were retained to "Provide an expert	12 A Not that I recall.
13 opinion regarding whether the Continental claims	13 Q Since 2019 have you been retained to do any coverage
handling, regarding the claim of Samantha Cohodas, meets	14 analysis for UIM claims in Washington?
15 industry standards for underinsured motorist claims."	15 A No.
16 Did I read that correctly?	16 Q Have you ever testified in a Washington court as an
17 A That's right.	17 expert?
18 Q As part of your scope of representation, did that then	18 A No.
19 include identifying any failures as well as areas where	19 Q So looking at your publications, and you are free to look
20 they did things correctly?	20 through the list you provided, I went through them, and I
21 A That's correct.	21 didn't see that there were any publications that seemed
22 Q Okay. You have provided, as part of your report, a copy	22 to address Washington law regarding UIM duties of
23 of your CV.	23 insurers.
24 Is that really your CV or is it just sort of	24 Am I correct on that?
25 something from the internet?	25 A I don't believe there's anything in here that deals with
Page 7  1 I am looking on Page 1 of Appendix A to your report.	Page 9
2 A That is really my CV. It is not just something from the	2 I do note that one of the issues that I addressed in
3 internet.	3 my discussions of driverless cars was, in fact, UM and
4 Q Okay. So I would like to talk a little bit about your	4 UIM liability because of the absence of a driver and
5 employment history.	5 issues regarding that, so and one of the seminars I
6 It looks like for a number of years you were an	6 gave on that issue was, in fact, in Washington.
7 active attorney from 1978 to 2019; is that correct?	7 Q For the seminar that you gave in Washington on driverless
8 A That's correct.	8 cars, did that seminar address the duties of good faith
9 Q And during that time did you ever represent any of the	9 claims handling by insurers to their insureds for UIM
10 CNA insurance companies, including Continental Insurance	10 cases?
11 Company?	11 A It may have.
12 A I have no recollection of doing so.	12 The issue there is whether or not there was a
13 Q Okay. And during the time that you were an active	driver, and therefore whether it came within the policy.
14 attorney from 1978 to 2019, did you ever represent an	14 It was to the CPCU Society, so I anticipate that
15 insurer in Washington in a UIM claim, whether as coverage	15 there was some issue regarding claims handling, but I do
16 counsel or defense counsel?	16 not recall that to date.
17 A I have represented insurers in Washington, in particular	17 Q Do any of the publications that you have identified
18 I represented Safeco from time to time, but it was	18 identify or address Washington law regarding let me
19 never I don't believe any of those were UIM claims.	19 scratch that.
20 Q And then from 2019 you started your consulting business,	20 Do any of the publications that you identify,
21 correct?	21 identify or address Washington Administrative Code
22 A Correct.	22 provisions governing insurers doing business in the state
23 Q And since starting your consulting business, have you	23 of Washington?
24 ever been retained to testify regarding UIM claims	24 A I do not remember.
25 handling for any case?	25 The Washington code is very similar to the

Pages 10..13

	Page 10	Page 12
1	California code on the same subject, as well as the	1 MR. BRIDGMAN: Madam Court Reporter, I
2	National Association of Insurance Commissioners'	apologize, but would you mind just reading the answer
3	recommended regulations regarding that as well, but I	3 back?
4	don't recall whether any of these specifically addressed	4 (Section(s) designated were
5	Washington UIM.	5 read by the reporter.)
6	It's quite possible they touched upon that, but I	6 MR. BRIDGMAN: Thank you.
7	don't remember.	7 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) As part of your investigation for this
8	Q Do any of the publications that you have identified in	8 case, did you interview any of the people employed by the
9	your CV address duties of insurers under Washington's	9 Continental Insurance Company who were responsible for or
10	Insurance Fair Conduct Act?	10 had anything to do with the claims handling?
11	A The Fair Conduct Act is builds upon the WAC in terms of	11 A I did not.
12	the regulations.	12 Q As part of your investigation for this case, did you rely
13	I may have touched upon it, but I am not certain	13 upon any representations of counsel where counsel asked
14	that I did at all.	14 you to assume certain facts to be true or not to be true?
15	Q Do any of the publications that you identify in your CV	15 A I did not.
16	address Washington law under the Consumer Protection Act	16 Q So in your report, on Page 2, you say that you are
17	for insurers?	familiar with Washington regs regulations and statutes
	A The Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct and unfair	18 regarding fair claims practices?
19	practices. I may have touched upon it.	19 A Correct, I am.
20	I'm not sure that I discussed it.	20 Q How did you become familiar with these regulations and
	Q And my internet broke up for just a second during your	21 statutes?
22	answer, and I'm sorry, I am going to ask you to give me	22 A In several ways.
23	that answer again.	23 One is I have given a number of seminars internally
	A Would it be a problem if the court reporter read it back?	24 to insurance companies. One of them was Safeco, so I
	Q Not for me if it's okay with the court reporter.	25 know that I am familiar with that, the regulations with
25	Q Not for the lift's okay with the court reporter.	know that rain familial with that, the regulations with
	Page 11	Page 13
1	(Section(s) designated were	1 respect to those discussions.
2	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)	<ul><li>1 respect to those discussions.</li><li>2 The second is that I have written about various</li></ul>
2	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection	<ul> <li>respect to those discussions.</li> <li>The second is that I have written about various</li> <li>aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues</li> </ul>
2 3 4	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering
2 3 4 <b>5</b>	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters,
2 3 4 <b>5</b> <b>6</b>	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well.
2 3 4 <b>5</b>	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well. 7 Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number
2 3 4 <b>5</b> <b>6</b>	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well. 7 Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number 8 of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well. 7 Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number 8 of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various 9 matters and also became aware of the Washington
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well. 7 Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number 8 of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various 9 matters and also became aware of the Washington 10 regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well. 7 Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number 8 of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various 9 matters and also became aware of the Washington
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well. 7 Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number 8 of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various 9 matters and also became aware of the Washington 10 regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of 11 time. 12 Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well. 7 Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number 8 of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various 9 matters and also became aware of the Washington 10 regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of 11 time. 12 Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. 13 When were those presentations given?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct. It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents.	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time. Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents.  Is that fair?	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well. 7 Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number 8 of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various 9 matters and also became aware of the Washington 10 regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of 11 time. 12 Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. 13 When were those presentations given?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents.  Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time. Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents.  Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the various documents that I looked over.	1 respect to those discussions. 2 The second is that I have written about various 3 aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues 4 regarding attorneys as the Courts considering 5 attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, 6 so in that context as well. 7 Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number 8 of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various 9 matters and also became aware of the Washington 10 regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of 11 time. 12 Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. 13 When were those presentations given? 14 A Before Safeco moved from Washington. 15 I am going to say it was 20 years ago.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct. It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents. Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the various documents that I looked over.  There also are, for example, pleadings.	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time. Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given? A Before Safeco moved from Washington. I am going to say it was 20 years ago.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents.  Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the various documents that I looked over.  There also are, for example, pleadings.  There was also claims documents.	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time. Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given? A Before Safeco moved from Washington. I am going to say it was 20 years ago.  So that would have been before the enactment of IFCA, correct?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents.  Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the various documents that I looked over.  There also are, for example, pleadings.  There was also claims documents.  All of that should be included in the documents that	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time. Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given? A Before Safeco moved from Washington. I am going to say it was 20 years ago.  Q So that would have been before the enactment of IFCA, correct?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct. It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents. Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the various documents that I looked over.  There also are, for example, pleadings.  There was also claims documents.  All of that should be included in the documents that I reviewed.	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time. Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given? A Before Safeco moved from Washington. I am going to say it was 20 years ago. Q So that would have been before the enactment of IFCA, correct? A Correct.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct. It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents. Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the various documents that I looked over.  There also are, for example, pleadings.  There was also claims documents.  All of that should be included in the documents that I reviewed.  I may add to that, that I've also reviewed, more	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time. Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given? A Before Safeco moved from Washington. I am going to say it was 20 years ago. Q So that would have been before the enactment of IFCA, correct? A Correct. Q And you've written about Washington law regarding attorneys as claim adjusters.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents.  Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the various documents that I looked over.  There also are, for example, pleadings.  There was also claims documents.  All of that should be included in the documents that I reviewed.  I may add to that, that I've also reviewed, more recently, the opinion of Mary Owen that was produced in terms of this matter.	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time. Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given? A Before Safeco moved from Washington. I am going to say it was 20 years ago. Q So that would have been before the enactment of IFCA, correct? A Correct. Q And you've written about Washington law regarding attorneys as claim adjusters. What articles have you written on that topic that
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents.  Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the various documents that I looked over.  There also are, for example, pleadings.  There was also claims documents.  All of that should be included in the documents that I reviewed.  I may add to that, that I've also reviewed, more recently, the opinion of Mary Owen that was produced in terms of this matter.	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time.  Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given?  A Before Safeco moved from Washington. I am going to say it was 20 years ago.  Q So that would have been before the enactment of IFCA, correct?  A Correct. Q And you've written about Washington law regarding attorneys as claim adjusters. What articles have you written on that topic that relates specifically to Washington law?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(Section(s) designated were read by the reporter.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) When you say "the Consumer Protection Act is fair conduct," what do you mean by that?  A It deals with unfair business practices in a general sense, so by "fair conduct," it is whatever conduct might be unfair, so the counterpart of it is fair conduct.  It specifically does not deal with fair conduct as it is. The IFCA does.  Q So your report identifies documents that you reviewed in forming opinions. It looks like they are primarily discovery documents.  Is that fair?  A It is fair, there are discovery documents within the various documents that I looked over.  There also are, for example, pleadings.  There was also claims documents.  All of that should be included in the documents that I reviewed.  I may add to that, that I've also reviewed, more recently, the opinion of Mary Owen that was produced in terms of this matter.  Q This is horrible. I lost internet at the exact time you	The second is that I have written about various aspects of Washington law; for example, the issues regarding attorneys as the Courts considering attorneys, whether or not they might be claims adjusters, so in that context as well. Then, thirdly, I worked very closely with a number of people in the Cozen office in Seattle on various matters and also became aware of the Washington regulations and the IFCA and CPA during that period of time. Q Okay. So you have given some presentations to Safeco. When were those presentations given? A Before Safeco moved from Washington. I am going to say it was 20 years ago. Q So that would have been before the enactment of IFCA, correct? A Correct. Q And you've written about Washington law regarding attorneys as claim adjusters. What articles have you written on that topic that relates specifically to Washington law?

Pages 14..17

	Page 14		Page 16
1	adjusters than to attorney-type advice and consultation.	1	In the content of her opinions though, she does not
2	During the course of that I became very familiar	2	correctly quote the WAC provisions.
3	with the Washington regulations and looking at what the		Q I am going to come back to your well, what does she
4	conduct was and the issues regarding that.	4	misquote in terms of a WAC provision?
			·
5	I know that I certainly reviewed it, and I wrote		A There are several times within her opinion that she
6	more than one article on that.	6	expands upon it.
	Q Did you write any articles on attorneys acting as	7	She correctly quotes WAC provisions on Pages 19 and
8	adjusters or being found to have been acting as adjusters	8	20 of her report, but, for example, in the on Page 24
9	for UIM cases in Washington?	9	of her report, regarding the provisions of Subsection 13
10	A I think you said have I read any articles.	10	of what I'll call 330 of the WAC, unless you want me to
11	I may have read articles, but I think you meant	11	read the whole thing out
12	written articles.	12	Q Don't read the whole thing out. Just identify what she
13	The answer is I don't recall whether I touched upon	13	misquoted.
14	UIM claims as part of my addressing the issues of	14	A Her statement says, "Prohibits failure to provide a
15	attorneys.	15	reasonable explanation factually or legally for the
16	The articles were oriented towards first-party	16	
17	claims, so it's quite possible that I did touch upon	17	
18	that, but I don't recall.	18	
	Q And then it sounds like during your time with Cozen, you	19	
20	became familiar with IFCA and the CPA; is that correct?		Q Any other WAC provisions that you believe she miscited or
	A As well as the WAC. I already had seen that as well.	21	
			A That's the one that stood out to me.
	Q Do you which statutes are you familiar with that govern		
23	fair claims practices?	23	,
	A In Washington or elsewhere?	24	
25	Q In Washington.	25	Q Okay. And you'll be prepared to address those?
	Page 15		
1 /	Page 15  Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build	1	Page 17
1 /			Page 17
	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build		Page 17
2	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized	2	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?
2	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance	2 3 <b>4</b>	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she
2 3 4 5	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in	2 3 <b>4</b> 5	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.
2 3 4 5 6	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.	2 3 4 5 6	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked
2 3 4 5 6 7	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington	2 3 4 5 6 7	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to,	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance  Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance  Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington  Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance  Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington  Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Page 17  A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 110 111 112 113 114	upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 110 111 112 113 114 115 116	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance  Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington  Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their insureds?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.  She correctly quotes 370 for the period of time.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance  Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington  Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their insureds?  A I would have to consult the statute in order to tell you	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.  She correctly quotes 370 for the period of time.  The rest of the paragraph that in terms of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their insureds?  A I would have to consult the statute in order to tell you that. Rather, I would have to I would have to consult	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.  She correctly quotes 370 for the period of time.  The rest of the paragraph that in terms of reasonable assistance to the insurer, is not completely
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their insureds?  A I would have to consult the statute in order to tell you that. Rather, I would have to—I would have to consult the code to tell you that.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.  She correctly quotes 370 for the period of time.  The rest of the paragraph that in terms of reasonable assistance to the insurer, is not completely correct, as I recall.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their insureds?  A I would have to consult the statute in order to tell you that. Rather, I would have to I would have to consult	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.  She correctly quotes 370 for the period of time.  The rest of the paragraph that in terms of reasonable assistance to the insurer, is not completely correct, as I recall.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their insureds?  A I would have to consult the statute in order to tell you that. Rather, I would have to—I would have to consult the code to tell you that.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.  She correctly quotes 370 for the period of time.  The rest of the paragraph that in terms of reasonable assistance to the insurer, is not completely correct, as I recall.  She says, on Page 19, 330 provides 19 causes of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance  Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington  Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their insureds?  A I would have to consult the statute in order to tell you that. Rather, I would have to I would have to consult the code to tell you that.  Q Okay. You've read Ms. Owen's report?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.  She correctly quotes 370 for the period of time.  The rest of the paragraph that in terms of reasonable assistance to the insurer, is not completely correct, as I recall.  She says, on Page 19, 330 provides 19 causes of action. That's not correct. It's 19 different standards
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance  Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington  Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their insureds?  A I would have to consult the statute in order to tell you that. Rather, I would have to—I would have to consult the code to tell you that.  Q Okay. You've read Ms. Owen's report?  A I did.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.  She correctly quotes 370 for the period of time.  The rest of the paragraph that in terms of reasonable assistance to the insurer, is not completely correct, as I recall.  She says, on Page 19, 330 provides 19 causes of action. That's not correct. It's 19 different standards that the insurance company should try to, as a matter of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A Okay. Both the CPA and IFCA, in my estimation, build upon the regulations contained in the WAC, and those regulations are ones that are relatively standardized through the National Association of Insurance  Commissioners and are very similar to the ones in California.  Do you agree then that the WACs, the Washington  Administrative Code provisions that you are referring to, set the minimum standard when determining the standard of care for insurers doing business in the state of Washington?  A They set a standard of care for insurers doing business in Washington.  Q What is the standard of care in the state of Washington for insurers to respond to communications from their insureds?  A I would have to consult the statute in order to tell you that. Rather, I would have to—I would have to consult the code to tell you that.  Q Okay. You've read Ms. Owen's report?  A I did.  Q It cites a number of WAC provisions; does it not?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A Yes.  Q Okay. So which other ones do you think that she misapplied or misquoted?  A So if you don't mind, I will look at her report.  Q Sure.  (Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)  THE WITNESS: And I don't believe we have this yet as an exhibit, so I will just talk about it in terms of the page number in the particular exhibit or particular report.  She correctly quotes 360 on Page 18.  She incompletely quotes 370 on Page 19 in terms of the obligation to investigate. There's a little bit more information there.  She correctly quotes 370 for the period of time.  The rest of the paragraph that in terms of reasonable assistance to the insurer, is not completely correct, as I recall.  She says, on Page 19, 330 provides 19 causes of action. That's not correct. It's 19 different standards that the insurance company should try to, as a matter of practice, follow.

Pages 18..21

Page 18 Page 20 1 for investigation. The application of that to what 1 The application of these was, I believe-- her 2 2 occurred with respect to CNA I don't believe is correct conclusion was that was repeatedly and consistently 3 in terms of implementation of reasonable standards. 3 failed to acknowledge, and I disagree with that, as in my 4 On Page 22, the paragraph in the middle that says 4 report I stated that from the inception of this claim, 5 that CNA failed to respond to relevant communications--5 which was reported first to Continental in May of 2015, 6 6 there was compliance with the communications requirements by saying "CNA," I mean "Continental." 7 7 and for almost six years. It quotes the Paragraph No. 2 and Paragraph No. 3, 8 but it leaves out some important information. 8 It wasn't until the failure to communicate in April 9 9 of 2021, after the demand was sent by your office to 10 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) So let's stop on that one. Continental, that there seemed to be a problem with the 11 compliance with the WAC requirements and the time period 11 A Okay. 12 in which you were supposed to respond, and that violated 12 Q What important information was left out on that? 13 A I think that there was-- it's not complete in terms of 13 both the WAC and also Continental's own internal 14 that. 14 communications. 15 15 Q Okay. Are there any other WAC provisions that you think The particular rule, I think, says that they must 16 report-- must act upon important-- the submission of 16 Ms. Owen-- I appreciate that you have gone into some of 17 17 the analysis on it, but I'm more worried about any WAC claims and also the importance of communications. 18 I am happy to pull up the actual WAC to confirm 18 provisions where you think Ms. Owen misquoted the WAC. 19 that. 19 A No, I don't believe that she misquoted the WAC, except 20 for the one that I earlier stated in terms of the 20 Q So you think she just misquotes it or-- why don't you 21 pull it up and tell us what WAC provision you are looking 21 22 22 Q And going back now to my outline, I had been asking you at. 23 A Sure. Okay. 23 if you could tell me what the WACs require for response 24 24 to communications from an insured. The subsection of 330 says that an insurance company 25 You have now had a chance to review the WACs 25 may be engaged in fair-- the WAC 330 says that "The Page 19 Page 21 1 following are defined as unfair methods of competition 1 yourself. 2 Do you agree that the WACs require that insurers

2 and unfair or deceptive acts or practices of the insurer

3 in the business of insurance."

4 Subparagraph No. 2 says, "Failing to acknowledge and

5 act reasonably promptly upon communications with respect

6 to claims arising under insurance policies."

7 So I was mistaken, that first part of it is correct.

8 Subparagraph No. 3 says "Failing to adopt and

9 implement reasonable standards for the prompt

10 investigation of claims arising out of insurance

11 policies."

12 Then there's 360, which she also is referring to.

13 360 addresses the standards for the insurer to

14 acknowledge pertinent communications, and it says, under

Subsection 1-- it gives ten working days after receiving

16 notification of a claim as the date that the insurer must

17 acknowledge its receipt of the notice of the claim.

18 Subsection 2 says-- addresses the inquiry from the

19 commissioner.

20 Subsection 3 says, "For all other pertinent

21 communications from a claimant reasonably suggesting that

22 a response is expected, that the-- an appropriate reply

23 must be provided within ten working days for individual

24 insurance policies or 15 working days with respect to

25 communications in group insurance policies."

3 respond to pertinent communications from their insureds

4 within ten days?

5 A I do see that the WAC requires that insurers must respond

to important communications within either ten days or

7 15 days, depending upon whether-- and those are working

8 days, whether it's an individual policy or a group

9 policy.

14

10 The issue that I see from that is its response to

11 communications from its insureds, and there's always a

12 question of whether or not a communication from counsel

13 counts as a communication from the insured.

In this case all communications with Continental

15 were from counsel.

16 Q Okay. So you said there's an issue with that.

17 Is it your testimony that Continental did not have

18 an obligation to respond to communications that

19 Ms. Lester sent on behalf of Ms. Cohodas within ten days?

20 A The answer is that the issue is a question as to whether

21 or not that ten- or 15-day period respond-- in terms of

22 the date of response, is from the claimant or it's from

23 the counsel.

24 I have not seen any cases dealing with the

25 difference between the two, but I do note that there

Pages 22..25

,	
Page 22  1 were, particularly beginning in April of 2021, a failure	Page 24  1 compliance with this provision."
2 to respond to communications from counsel.	2 Q So 30 days to complete the investigation unless it can't
3 Q Regardless of whether or not the communications came from	3 reasonably complete it earlier, correct?
4 counsel or from Ms. Cohodas directly, what is the	4 A That's correct.
5 standard of care I don't care about the WAC, other than	5 Q Did Continental complete its investigation within 30 days
6 to the extent the WAC informs your opinion, but what is	6 of receiving the policy limits demand that was sent to it
7 the standard of care in terms of responding to	7 on April 1st, 2021?
8 communications from or on behalf of an insured?	8 A Continental attempted to complete its investigation
9 A The standard of care, in general, is that the	9 throughout the period of time between approximately March
10 communications should be timely; that is, the responses	10 of 2018, when your firm got involved, through the
11 should be timely.	11 conclusion of the case.
12 It is the standards that Continental have set that	12 I note that there were at least six attempts to try
do require also that communications be timely.	and get the most critical part of the investigation,
14 Continental has various timelines by which	14 which is the medical records, because there was an issue
15 communications to regarding a claim, under the policy,	15 regarding the liability of the uninsured or underinsured
16 should be made, and certainly there were failures to	16 motorist.
17 observe those time limits, beginning in April of 2021.	17 There was an issue though as to the causation and as
18 Q What was Continental's policy regarding responding to	18 to the type of medical condition that resulted from that
19 communications from an insured or from their counsel, in	19 accident. Those medical records were not provided in the
20 terms of timing?	20 period of time between March of 2018 and up to April of
21 A In terms of timing, it's that they respond promptly, and	21 2021, despite requests that they do be provided.
22 that, according to the various claims manuals, the	22 In April of 2021 the records were, in fact,
23 general timing for the response was anywhere between ten	23 provided.
24 and 30 days, depending upon the particular communications	24 Continental located and ultimately obtained an
25 that were involved.	25 expert, medical expert, to review those records and give
Page 23	Page 25
Page 23 1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond	Page 25  1 an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages
1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?	
<ul> <li>1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond</li> <li>2 within 30 days?</li> <li>3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> </ul>	1 an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages
<ul> <li>1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond</li> <li>2 within 30 days?</li> <li>3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>4 30 days or not.</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical
<ul> <li>1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond</li> <li>2 within 30 days?</li> <li>3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>4 30 days or not.</li> <li>5 I think that the communications starting in April of</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the
<ul> <li>1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond</li> <li>2 within 30 days?</li> <li>3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>4 30 days or not.</li> <li>5 I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>6 2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions.
<ul> <li>1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond</li> <li>2 within 30 days?</li> <li>3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>4 30 days or not.</li> <li>5 I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>6 2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>7 response, as Continental would require.</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days.
<ul> <li>1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond</li> <li>2 within 30 days?</li> <li>3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>4 30 days or not.</li> <li>5 I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>6 2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>7 response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>8 Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but
<ul> <li>1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond</li> <li>2 within 30 days?</li> <li>3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>4 30 days or not.</li> <li>5 I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>6 2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>7 response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>8 Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>9 we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained
<ul> <li>1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond</li> <li>2 within 30 days?</li> <li>3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>4 30 days or not.</li> <li>5 I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>6 2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>7 response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>8 Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>9 we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>10 it's a group policy?</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion
<ul> <li>1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>4 30 days or not.</li> <li>5 I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>6 2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>7 response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>8 Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>9 we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>10 it's a group policy?</li> <li>11 A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not it related to the accident that took place in April of
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> <li>That's a legal question, and I don't I am not</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not it related to the accident that took place in April of
1 Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days? 3 A I don't particularly recall which ones were within 4 30 days or not. 5 I think that the communications starting in April of 6 2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of 7 response, as Continental would require. 8 Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that 9 we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if 10 it's a group policy? 11 A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's 12 inconsistent or not. 13 That's a legal question, and I don't I am not 14 going to venture out on that.	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not it related to the accident that took place in April of And that's a long explanation, but I had asked a more
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> <li>That's a legal question, and I don't I am not</li> <li>going to venture out on that.</li> <li>Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not trelated to the accident that took place in April of And that's a long explanation, but I had asked a more specific question.
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> <li>That's a legal question, and I don't I am not</li> <li>going to venture out on that.</li> <li>Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies</li> <li>handling UIM cases in the state of Washington for</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not tit related to the accident that took place in April of And that's a long explanation, but I had asked a more specific question. I want to make sure I've got the short answer.
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> <li>That's a legal question, and I don't I am not</li> <li>going to venture out on that.</li> <li>Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies</li> <li>handling UIM cases in the state of Washington for</li> <li>completing their investigation when they receive a demand</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not it related to the accident that took place in April of auots.  And that's a long explanation, but I had asked a more specific question. I want to make sure I've got the short answer. That is, Continental did not complete its
within 30 days?  A I don't particularly recall which ones were within  4 30 days or not.  I think that the communications starting in April of  2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of  response, as Continental would require.  Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that  we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if  it's a group policy?  A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's  inconsistent or not.  That's a legal question, and I don't I am not  qoing to venture out on that.  Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies  handling UIM cases in the state of Washington for  completing their investigation when they receive a demand  for benefits?	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not tit related to the accident that took place in April of And that's a long explanation, but I had asked a more specific question. I want to make sure I've got the short answer. That is, Continental did not complete its investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand for
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> <li>That's a legal question, and I don't I am not</li> <li>going to venture out on that.</li> <li>Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies</li> <li>handling UIM cases in the state of Washington for</li> <li>completing their investigation when they receive a demand</li> <li>for benefits?</li> <li>A I will pull that up.</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not it related to the accident that took place in April of 2015.  Q And that's a long explanation, but I had asked a more specific question. I want to make sure I've got the short answer. That is, Continental did not complete its investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand for
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> <li>That's a legal question, and I don't I am not</li> <li>going to venture out on that.</li> <li>Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies</li> <li>handling UIM cases in the state of Washington for</li> <li>completing their investigation when they receive a demand</li> <li>for benefits?</li> <li>A I will pull that up.</li> <li>According to 370, it is that "Insurer must complete</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not it related to the accident that took place in April of 2015.  And that's a long explanation, but I had asked a more specific question. I want to make sure I've got the short answer. That is, Continental did not complete its investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand for policy limits that was sent to it on April 1st, 2021, correct?
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> <li>That's a legal question, and I don't I am not</li> <li>going to venture out on that.</li> <li>Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies</li> <li>handling UIM cases in the state of Washington for</li> <li>completing their investigation when they receive a demand</li> <li>for benefits?</li> <li>A I will pull that up.</li> <li>According to 370, it is that "Insurer must complete</li> <li>its investigation within 30 days after notification of</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not it related to the accident that took place in April of 2015.  Q And that's a long explanation, but I had asked a more specific question. I want to make sure I've got the short answer. That is, Continental did not complete its investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand for policy limits that was sent to it on April 1st, 2021, correct?  That is correct, it did not complete that until July of
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> <li>That's a legal question, and I don't I am not</li> <li>going to venture out on that.</li> <li>Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies</li> <li>handling UIM cases in the state of Washington for</li> <li>completing their investigation when they receive a demand</li> <li>for benefits?</li> <li>A I will pull that up.</li> <li>According to 370, it is that "Insurer must complete</li> <li>its investigation within 30 days after notification of</li> <li>claim, unless the investigation cannot reasonably be</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not tit related to the accident that took place in April of accident that took place in April of I want to make sure I've got the short answer. That is, Continental did not complete its investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand for policy limits that was sent to it on April 1st, 2021, correct? That is correct, it did not complete that until July of 2022, and there were various reasons for that.
within 30 days?  A I don't particularly recall which ones were within  4 30 days or not.  I think that the communications starting in April of  2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of  response, as Continental would require.  And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that  we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if  it's a group policy?  A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's  inconsistent or not.  That's a legal question, and I don't I am not  qoing to venture out on that.  Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies  handling UIM cases in the state of Washington for  completing their investigation when they receive a demand  for benefits?  A I will pull that up.  According to 370, it is that "Insurer must complete  its investigation within 30 days after notification of  claim, unless the investigation cannot reasonably be  completed within that time. All persons involved in the	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not ti related to the accident that took place in April of 2015. Q And that's a long explanation, but I had asked a more specific question. I want to make sure I've got the short answer. That is, Continental did not complete its investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand for policy limits that was sent to it on April 1st, 2021, correct?  That is correct, it did not complete that until July of 2022, and there were various reasons for that. There was the failure to acknowledge that from the
<ul> <li>Q So what communications would allow Continental to respond within 30 days?</li> <li>A I don't particularly recall which ones were within</li> <li>30 days or not.</li> <li>I think that the communications starting in April of</li> <li>2021 did not comply with even a 30-day period of time of</li> <li>response, as Continental would require.</li> <li>Q And the 30-day response is inconsistent with the WAC that</li> <li>we just read, right, which says ten days or 15 days if</li> <li>it's a group policy?</li> <li>A I am not in a position to judge whether or not that's</li> <li>inconsistent or not.</li> <li>That's a legal question, and I don't I am not</li> <li>going to venture out on that.</li> <li>Q What is the standard of care for insurance companies</li> <li>handling UIM cases in the state of Washington for</li> <li>completing their investigation when they receive a demand</li> <li>for benefits?</li> <li>A I will pull that up.</li> <li>According to 370, it is that "Insurer must complete</li> <li>its investigation within 30 days after notification of</li> <li>claim, unless the investigation cannot reasonably be</li> </ul>	an opinion regarding whether or not, in fact, the damages that were claimed at that point in time by Ms. Cohodas were a result of the accident, and more to the point, could you separate out which damages or medical conditions were the result of an accident or were the result of prior conditions. That investigation was not completed in 30 days. There were issues regarding that completion, but ultimately, in July of 2022, the doctor was obtained- retained, I should say, and did give her opinion regarding the condition of Ms. Cohodas and whether or not tit related to the accident that took place in April of accident that took place in April of I want to make sure I've got the short answer. That is, Continental did not complete its investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand for policy limits that was sent to it on April 1st, 2021, correct? That is correct, it did not complete that until July of 2022, and there were various reasons for that.

Pages 26..29

Page 26 Page 28 provide that expert with medical records. 1 A more reasonable approach would have been to engage 2 Q Continental didn't even try and retain counsel for more 2 in a communication there, but the policy does say if than 30 days after receipt of the demand, correct? 3 there's a difference of opinion regarding what is at 4 A Continental retained counsel with respect to the 4 issue in the case, that it should be and must be sent to arbitration, and counsel was retained more than 30 days 5 arbitration, and so your firm immediately agreed and 6 after the demand was made, and that was with respect to decided to invoke that policy to demand an arbitration. 7 7 the demand for arbitration. I don't agree with you that a zero offer is an 8 It was actually filed, I believe, one day after the 8 offer. 9 9 20-day time limit was given in the April 1, 2021 demand. When you fail to communicate, that is not saying, 10 Q And Continental didn't respond to the demand for 10 "We are not going to give you something," and, in fact, 11 arbitration, did it? 11 Continental paid its full policy limits. 12 A There was no need for Continental to respond to the 12 Q So while there were a number of options available to 13 demand for arbitration. 13 Ms. Lester, given Continental's failure to respond, the The demand for arbitration exists, and there's no 14 14 demand said that "If you don't agree to pay, we will 15 15 initiate arbitration," correct? issue with respect to that demand. 16 This was made one day after the deadline that your 16 A Arbitration was initiated the day after the demand 17 17 office set on the demand, and there is nothing in the expired. 18 demand for arbitration that requires a response. 18 Q And Continental could have called and asked for additional time, correct? 19 Q What is the standard of care regarding compelling UIM 20 insureds to litigate? 20 A That's all speculation. 21 A The WAC addresses that, as does IFCA. 21 The fact of the matter is there was no response by 22 22 The WAC, on Subsection 7, says that unfair methods Ms. Davenport to this communication. 23 of competition or unfair or deceptive acts or practices 23 Q What is the standard of care regarding providing the 24 of the insurer include, quote, "Compelling a first-party 24 basis in law and fact for decisions to pay or not pay 25 claimant to initiate or submit to litigation, 25 claims? 1 A The standard of care is set out in the WAC, and I believe 1 arbitration, or appraisal to recover amounts due under an 2 insurance policy" -- and then it goes on -- "by offering you are referring to Subsection No. 13, "Failing to 3 substantially less than the amounts ultimately recovered promptly provide a reasonable explanation of the basis in 4 in such actions or proceedings." the insurance policy in relation to the facts or 5 applicable law for the denial of claim or for the offer In my view, this section does not apply to this 6 particular case. 6 of a compromised settlement." In this situation we did not have either a denial of 7 Q Do you agree that offering zero is substantially less the claim or an offer of a compromised settlement within than the million dollars that was eventually paid? 9 A That's a very nice way of putting it, but, in fact, there the 20-day period in which the claim-- rather, the demand 10 10 was made and the deadline set by your office to make a was no offering zero. 11 The issue was whether or not in response to the 11 response. 12 demand made by the plaintiff there was any kind of 12 There is no question that there was a failure to 13 13 communicate back. There was no response given to that communication whatsoever, and there wasn't. 14 14 Ms. Davenport never communicated back on that demand, but there was nothing that was done, so there was 15 particular piece of correspondence, the demand, that is 15 not a failure to respond or to provide any kind of--16 dated April 1, 2021. there was not, in the failure of response, any kind of 17 There is no question about that. There is no explanation because there just simply was no response. 18 dispute about that. She violated Continental policy in 18 Q Do you agree with me--19 19 A And that's-failing to respond to that. 20 The day after the communication came-- the day after 20 Q Go ahead. 21 the-- excuse me, I misspoke. 21 A That absolutely violated Continental's policy. 22 The day after the 20-day period to respond had 22 Q So what is Continental's policy, regardless of what the 23 23 standard of care is, for the timeline to complete elapsed, your firm filed a notice of arbitration.

24 investigations?

25 A Continental's policy, as I recall, and I may have it

That was not compelled, in my view, by the failure

to respond to a settlement demand.

24

25

Pages 30..33

Page 30	Page 32
wrong, but I think I'm correct, is 30 days to complete an	1 responding to the insureds.
2 investigation, unless there is some issue that causes you	2 Q Do we have anything else that we need to address that
not to be able to complete it, in which case you should	bears on your opinion that Continental had good policies
4 inform the insured of the reasons that you need	4 regarding responding to its insureds?
5 additional time in order to respond.	5 A Not unless you have particular questions for me.
6 Q What's Continental's policy, regardless what the standard	6 I think my report fully states my opinion regarding
7 of care is, regarding compelling its insureds to file	7 that.
8 suit or initiate arbitration in order to recover benefits	8 Q Well, your report doesn't indicate what timeframe
9 under UIM policies?	9 Continental's policies are for responding to
10 A I don't understand your question as phrased.	10 communications from insureds, correct?
11 Q So we talked a moment ago about the standard of care.	<ul> <li>11 A It doesn't go into that kind of detail, but there are</li> <li>12 timelines contained within the claims manuals that set</li> </ul>
You indicate that insurance companies should not	
compel their insureds to submit to arbitration or	
<ul><li>14 litigation, correct?</li><li>15 A The standard of care, in terms of not requiring a</li></ul>	<ul> <li>14 communications on important matters.</li> <li>15 Q And we have already affirmed that at least with regard to</li> </ul>
16 first-party claimant to initiate or submit to an	16 the April 1st demand, Continental did not comply with
17 arbitration is contained in WAC 330 Subsection yes.	17 that policy, correct?
18 Q And what is Continental's policy?	18 A We have certainly found that Ms. Davenport, of
19 A That particular subsection depends upon offering	19 Continental, did not comply with Continental's own policy
20 substantially less than the amounts ultimately recovered	20 in terms of responding.
21 in such actions or proceedings.	21 Q And then we've talked also about, but just making sure,
22 Continental does not I believe its overall policy	22 Continental has a policy regarding responding to demands,
23 is that you do not compel the insured to initiate any	and in your opinion, that's a good policy?
24 kind of proceeding by offering substantially less than	24 A Continental has a policy with respect to responding to
25 the amounts recovered in the actions or proceedings, but	25 demands.
Page 31  1 that did not happen in this particular case.	Page 33  1 It has timelines in terms of what you do in terms of
2 Q So you've got four main opinions; is that fair?	2 demands.
3 You sort of summarized them at the beginning of your	3 Is that a good policy? That's a very interesting
4 report, and then as you go through the report, you have	4 question. I think it's a good policy.
5 four sections that address them in more detail?	5 In this situation we have a demand to pay policy
6 A Correct.	6 limits, and that demand would expire within 20 days.
7 Q I would like to talk a bit about your first opinion.	7 In a UIM case, such a policy limits demand with a
8 Where would be the best place to look for the	8 time limitation on it is really not germane to a UIM
9 synopsis opinion?	9 case. It is much more akin to a third-party liability
10 Would it be best to look at the first page of your	10 case because the insurance company has an obligation to
11 report where you sort of summarize them or would it be	11 pay its policy limits when it's determined, through a
best to look to the body of the report where you discuss	12 reasonable investigation, that policy limits are payable.
13 them?	The failure to respond to that demand did not
14 MR. TODARO: Object to form.	14 ultimately affect the payment of the full policy limits.
15 THE WITNESS: It would be best to look	15 That is a separate and complete for example, in a
at the body of the report. That's the actual opinions.	16 third-party policy case, if you give a \$1 million demand,
17 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Okay. So looking at Page 3 of your	17 and the insurance company fails to respond to that, then
18 report, the heading indicates, "Continental's claims	18 you can pursue your own bad faith case with respect to
handling guidelines, training and administration met	19 any excess judgment or verdict that might be the result
20 insurance industry standards and Washington	20 of that.
21 requirements"?	21 If the insurer does respond to it and says, "I will
22 A That's correct.	22 pay this amount," and you agree to that, then you have a
<ul><li>23 Q And we have addressed Continental's policy for responding</li><li>24 to its insureds, right?</li></ul>	<ul> <li>23 settlement and you have no further liability.</li> <li>24 In UIM cases it's different. It's the policy limits</li> </ul>
25 A We have addressed, in part, that policy with respect to	25 or whatever underneath the policy limits is the
in the first additional in part, that policy with respect to	atoro. anaomount no pono, minto io mo

Pages 34..37

Page 3
he
t when
ance,
nat you give me
ice
the
n excess
l.
tions of what
<mark>le</mark>
erms of
nand that
ct in UIM
n excess
nat I'm
ormation at
nade, that
he injuries
mits, and
mits, and
mits, and Page (
Page ( such that, here is an
mits, and Page (
Page 3 such that, here is an mand with
Page (e such that, here is an mand with
Page : e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental
Page (e such that, here is an mand with
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and
Page : e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? nin 30 days.
Page : e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? nin 30 days.
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? hin 30 days. idn't do any
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? nin 30 days. idn't do any
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? hin 30 days. idn't do any
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? nin 30 days. idn't do any to that demand to that demand
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? nin 30 days. idn't do any to that demand to that demand
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? nin 30 days. idn't do any to that demand to that demand
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with ceeive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? hin 30 days. idn't do any to that demand to that demand to the
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with ceeive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? hin 30 days. idn't do any to that demand to that demand to the
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? nin 30 days. idn't do any to that demand to that demand to the ve said n really
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with eceive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? nin 30 days. idn't do any to that demand to that demand to the ve said n really
Page 3 e such that, here is an mand with ceeive ontinental one week and atsoever , right? nin 30 days. idn't do any to that demand to that demand to the ve said n really

Pages 38..41

	Page 38		Page 40
	A I am aware of that.		A Well, reserves typically are not the amounts paid to the
2	I am aware of various problems that she did in this	2	
3	case, and they absolutely violate Continental's policies.	3	<i>3. 3</i>
4	It is not appropriate claims handling standard by	4	,
5	Ms. Davenport for not obtaining those medical records,	5	
6	for not doing an investigation, but if she had previously	6	, ,
7	tried to obtain the medical records, she was unsuccessful	7	
8	in getting those.	8	
9	Once she got them though in April of 2021, she did	9	,
10	not do anything with them, that is absolutely correct.	10	•
	Q And she didn't even give them to her defense counsel, did	11	•
12		12	
	A She defense counsel may have received them later on,	13	
14	but it is not clear, in terms of that, but she did not-	14	•
15		15	• •
16 17		16	
17	There is a question of whether or not defense	17	, ,
18	counsel received those records, but I know that later on	18 19	
19	he obtained them directly from your office.  MR. TODARO: Geoff, let me know when a	20	
20	•	21	
21	good time is for a break, at some point. It doesn't need	21	
22	to be now.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Yeah, let me scroll	23	
23 24	,	23 24	•
24 25	through and see how much longer I've got on this.  Depending on how long the answers are, I think we	25	•
23	Depending on now long the answers are, I think we	23	expert opinion, and she did not do it timely. It was
_	Page 39	_	Page 41
1	can get through this, but we'll see.	1	,
2	I would like to get through Opinion No. 1, if we	2	,
3	Can.	3	<b>3</b> · · · · , · · · · , · · · · · · · · ·
4	If it's taking too long, let me know, and we can	4 5	
5 6	take a break.  MR. TODARO: Are you okay, Julia?	6	
7	THE WITNESS: I'm okay for right now.	7	3
	Q (By Mr. Bridgman) What is Continental's policy, when you	8	1 3 3 31 3 3
9	look at the various you said, "No systemic problems for	9	
10		10	3 3 ,
11		11	
12		12	
13	•	13	-
14	THE WITHESE. THI HOLICARY TOROWING		
	vour question	14	
15		14 15	
15 16	We haven't talked about reserves yet.	15	5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again.
16	We haven't talked about reserves yet.  Are you now switching to the topic of reserves?	15 16	G Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again. Without the explanation as to how reserves were
<b>16</b> 17	We haven't talked about reserves yet.  Are you now switching to the topic of reserves?  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I'm asking yeah, you've got you	15 16 17	G Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again. Without the explanation as to how reserves were changed in this matter, what is Continental's policy
<b>16</b> 17 18	We haven't talked about reserves yet.  Are you now switching to the topic of reserves?  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I'm asking yeah, you've got you talk about Continental's got good policies, right?	15 16 17 18	Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again. Without the explanation as to how reserves were changed in this matter, what is Continental's policy regarding paying amounts that are reserved to UIM
16 17 18 19	We haven't talked about reserves yet.  Are you now switching to the topic of reserves?  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I'm asking yeah, you've got you talk about Continental's got good policies, right?  A Right.	15 16 17 18 19	Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again. Without the explanation as to how reserves were changed in this matter, what is Continental's policy regarding paying amounts that are reserved to UIM claimants?
16 17 18 19 20	We haven't talked about reserves yet.  Are you now switching to the topic of reserves?  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I'm asking yeah, you've got you talk about Continental's got good policies, right?  A Right.  Q And that the Continental policies meet, in your view, or	15 16 17 18 19 20	Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again. Without the explanation as to how reserves were changed in this matter, what is Continental's policy regarding paying amounts that are reserved to UIM claimants?  MR. TODARO: Object to form.
16 17 18 19 20 21	We haven't talked about reserves yet.  Are you now switching to the topic of reserves?  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I'm asking yeah, you've got you talk about Continental's got good policies, right?  A Right.  Q And that the Continental policies meet, in your view, or exceed the standard of care, right?	15 16 17 18 19 20 <b>21</b>	G Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again. Without the explanation as to how reserves were changed in this matter, what is Continental's policy regarding paying amounts that are reserved to UIM claimants?  MR. TODARO: Object to form.  THE WITNESS: I thought I addressed
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	We haven't talked about reserves yet.  Are you now switching to the topic of reserves?  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I'm asking yeah, you've got you talk about Continental's got good policies, right?  A Right.  Q And that the Continental policies meet, in your view, or exceed the standard of care, right?  A That's correct.	15 16 17 18 19 20 <b>21</b> <b>22</b>	Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again. Without the explanation as to how reserves were changed in this matter, what is Continental's policy regarding paying amounts that are reserved to UIM claimants?  MR. TODARO: Object to form.  THE WITNESS: I thought I addressed that, and I thought I addressed it completely within my
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	We haven't talked about reserves yet.  Are you now switching to the topic of reserves?  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I'm asking yeah, you've got you talk about Continental's got good policies, right?  A Right.  Q And that the Continental policies meet, in your view, or exceed the standard of care, right?  A That's correct.  Q And I want to know, what is Continental's policy with	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	G Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again.  Without the explanation as to how reserves were changed in this matter, what is Continental's policy regarding paying amounts that are reserved to UIM claimants?  MR. TODARO: Object to form.  THE WITNESS: I thought I addressed that, and I thought I addressed it completely within my answer.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	We haven't talked about reserves yet.  Are you now switching to the topic of reserves?  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I'm asking yeah, you've got you talk about Continental's got good policies, right?  A Right.  Q And that the Continental policies meet, in your view, or exceed the standard of care, right?  A That's correct.  Q And I want to know, what is Continental's policy with regard to paying to its insured, in a UIM claim in	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I will ask again. Without the explanation as to how reserves were changed in this matter, what is Continental's policy regarding paying amounts that are reserved to UIM claimants?  MR. TODARO: Object to form. THE WITNESS: I thought I addressed that, and I thought I addressed it completely within my answer.  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Is it the policy to pay reserved

Pages 42..45

World Iddi, Julia - Wardi 20, 2024	1 agcs 4245
Page 42  1 MR. TODARO: Object to form.	Page 44   1 that.
2 THE WITNESS: Again, I responded to	2 Q So in your review of all of the materials, do you think
3 that in my prior response to your question.	3 that management made any failures whatsoever, with regard
4 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Does Continental's reserve policy	4 to the handling of Ms. Cohodas's claim?
5 involve including defense costs into the reserves?	5 A In my review of this matter, I do not believe that
6 A I responded to that in my prior answer.	6 management made failures in the handling of this claim
7 Q And the answer to that is "yes," correct?	7 and the appropriate supervision.
8 A That's correct.	8 I think that the structure of management was such
9 Q So you indicate that Continental had training policies	9 that it was very appropriate within the lines of
that complied with industry standards and Washington	10 insurance, and Ms. Davenport, the claims handler, had
11 requirements, correct?	11 many years, more than 20 years, of experience. She was a
12 A Correct.	12 senior person assigned to this, a senior her specialty
13 Q Would you agree that part of training is also follow-up	13 was in severe risk, so all of those things were done.
to make sure that the things that people are trained on,	14 I think that Continental had actually an
15 that they actually follow through on them?	15 extraordinary level of competence in installing a
16 A No, I wouldn't agree with that.	16 computerized system in 2022 which actually monitored
17 That's not part of training itself.	17 electronically whether or not there had been any activity
18 You can try and train people as well as you can by	18 on a file.
19 having the classes available and the appropriate ones	19 In fact, they discovered that Ms. Davenport had not
20 available in terms of that.	20 been responsive in her file, and by April of 2022 had
21 Whether or not they actually retain that, it depends	21 begun a series of constant checks and monitoring on not
22 upon the different individuals, but that is not part of	22 constant, but appropriate checks and monitoring on
23 training. That is part of oversight, and it's part of	23 Ms. Davenport's handling of the claim, which ultimately
24 what a claims professional himself or herself actually	24 unveiled the fact that she had not been timely
25 does.	25 responding.
20 4003.	20 Tooponang.
Page 43	Page 45
1 Q You mentioned oversight.	1 She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.
Q You mentioned oversight.     Does the standard of care require people who	<ol> <li>She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.</li> <li>She showed greater response during that period of time,</li> </ol>
You mentioned oversight.     Does the standard of care require people who     supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system
You mentioned oversight.     Does the standard of care require people who     supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure     that they are complying with Washington law and	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care?	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact,	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there,
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.  The file, regardless of whether the notes were there,  did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct,
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there,  did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct,  the one that went unresponded to?
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent 10 manner with Continental's policies and the policies of	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there,  did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct,  the one that went unresponded to?  In A It did.
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent 10 manner with Continental's policies and the policies of 11 the particular state in which the claim is involved in.	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there,  did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct,  the one that went unresponded to?  A It did.  And no manager ever looked at the file to determine
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent 10 manner with Continental's policies and the policies of 11 the particular state in which the claim is involved in. 12 That claims person has the absolute obligation to	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there,  did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct,  the one that went unresponded to?  A It did.  A And no manager ever looked at the file to determine  whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent 10 manner with Continental's policies and the policies of 11 the particular state in which the claim is involved in. 12 That claims person has the absolute obligation to 13 make that compliance.	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.  The file, regardless of whether the notes were there,  did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct,  the one that went unresponded to?  A It did.  And no manager ever looked at the file to determine  whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits  demand, correct?
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent 10 manner with Continental's policies and the policies of 11 the particular state in which the claim is involved in. 12 That claims person has the absolute obligation to 13 make that compliance. 14 The managers in Continental have a meet the	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there,  did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct,  the one that went unresponded to?  I Q And no manager ever looked at the file to determine  whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits  demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent 10 manner with Continental's policies and the policies of 11 the particular state in which the claim is involved in. 12 That claims person has the absolute obligation to 13 make that compliance. 14 The managers in Continental have a meet the 15 standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system that I think that really they were able to see that there was no activity in the file because it was otherwise obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there, did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct, the one that went unresponded to?  A It did.  Q And no manager ever looked at the file to determine whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than April of 2022.
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent 10 manner with Continental's policies and the policies of 11 the particular state in which the claim is involved in. 12 That claims person has the absolute obligation to 13 make that compliance. 14 The managers in Continental have a meet the 15 standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing 16 Ms. Davenport's handling of the case, but the fact of the	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time,  but it was only through the implementation of this system  that I think that really they were able to see that there  was no activity in the file because it was otherwise  obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there,  did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct,  the one that went unresponded to?  A It did.  And no manager ever looked at the file to determine  whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits  demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than  April of 2022.  It wasn't until counsel was aware of it.
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent 10 manner with Continental's policies and the policies of 11 the particular state in which the claim is involved in. 12 That claims person has the absolute obligation to 13 make that compliance. 14 The managers in Continental have a meet the 15 standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing 16 Ms. Davenport's handling of the case, but the fact of the 17 matter is that they were unaware that she had not been	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system that I think that really they were able to see that there was no activity in the file because it was otherwise obscured by her notes in the file.  The file, regardless of whether the notes were there, did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct, the one that went unresponded to?  Alt did.  And no manager ever looked at the file to determine whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than April of 2022.  It wasn't until counsel was aware of it.
Does the standard of care require people who supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure that they are complying with Washington law and Continental's own policies and procedures and the standard of care?  A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent manner with Continental's policies and the policies of the particular state in which the claim is involved in. That claims person has the absolute obligation to make that compliance. The managers in Continental have a meet the standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing Ms. Davenport's handling of the case, but the fact of the matter is that they were unaware that she had not been corresponding for a period of time, after April 1, 2021,	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system that I think that really they were able to see that there was no activity in the file because it was otherwise obscured by her notes in the file.  The file, regardless of whether the notes were there, did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct, the one that went unresponded to?  Alt did.  And no manager ever looked at the file to determine whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than April of 2022. It wasn't until counsel was aware of it.  Want to make sure I understand.
1 Q You mentioned oversight. 2 Does the standard of care require people who 3 supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure 4 that they are complying with Washington law and 5 Continental's own policies and procedures and the 6 standard of care? 7 A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, 8 it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is 9 required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent 10 manner with Continental's policies and the policies of 11 the particular state in which the claim is involved in. 12 That claims person has the absolute obligation to 13 make that compliance. 14 The managers in Continental have a meet the 15 standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing 16 Ms. Davenport's handling of the case, but the fact of the 17 matter is that they were unaware that she had not been 18 corresponding for a period of time, after April 1, 2021, 19 with counsel for claimant, so there is an issue there	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system that I think that really they were able to see that there was no activity in the file because it was otherwise obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there, did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct, the one that went unresponded to?  A It did.  Q And no manager ever looked at the file to determine whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than because it wasn't until counsel was aware of it.  I wasn't until counsel was aware of it?  I want to make sure I understand.  When did anyone at Continental, other than
Does the standard of care require people who supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure that they are complying with Washington law and Continental's own policies and procedures and the standard of care?  A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent manner with Continental's policies and the policies of the particular state in which the claim is involved in. That claims person has the absolute obligation to make that compliance. The managers in Continental have a meet the standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing Ms. Davenport's handling of the case, but the fact of the matter is that they were unaware that she had not been corresponding for a period of time, after April 1, 2021, with counsel for claimant, so there is an issue there about failure to comply by Ms. Davenport, but in my view,	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system that I think that really they were able to see that there was no activity in the file because it was otherwise obscured by her notes in the file.  Q The file, regardless of whether the notes were there, did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct, the one that went unresponded to?  A It did.  Q And no manager ever looked at the file to determine whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than April of 2022. It wasn't until counsel was aware of it.  U want to make sure I understand. When did anyone at Continental, other than Ms. Davenport, become aware that there were not one but
Does the standard of care require people who supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure that they are complying with Washington law and Continental's own policies and procedures and the standard of care?  A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent manner with Continental's policies and the policies of the particular state in which the claim is involved in. That claims person has the absolute obligation to make that compliance.  The managers in Continental have a meet the standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing Ms. Davenport's handling of the case, but the fact of the matter is that they were unaware that she had not been corresponding for a period of time, after April 1, 2021, with counsel for claimant, so there is an issue there about failure to comply by Ms. Davenport, but in my view, the way that the structure was set up by Continental	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system that I think that really they were able to see that there was no activity in the file because it was otherwise obscured by her notes in the file.  The file, regardless of whether the notes were there, did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct, the one that went unresponded to?  And no manager ever looked at the file to determine whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than April of 2022. It wasn't until counsel was aware of it.  When did anyone at Continental, other than When did anyone at Continental, other than Ms. Davenport, become aware that there were not one but two policy limits demands that had been ignored?
Does the standard of care require people who supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure that they are complying with Washington law and Continental's own policies and procedures and the standard of care?  A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent manner with Continental's policies and the policies of the particular state in which the claim is involved in. That claims person has the absolute obligation to make that compliance.  The managers in Continental have a meet the standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing Ms. Davenport's handling of the case, but the fact of the matter is that they were unaware that she had not been corresponding for a period of time, after April 1, 2021, with counsel for claimant, so there is an issue there about failure to comply by Ms. Davenport, but in my view, the way that the structure was set up by Continental was very much met the standard of care, and if a claims	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system that I think that really they were able to see that there was no activity in the file because it was otherwise obscured by her notes in the file.  The file, regardless of whether the notes were there, did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct, the one that went unresponded to?  In A It did.  And no manager ever looked at the file to determine whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than April of 2022.  It wasn't until counsel was aware of it.  I want to make sure I understand.  When did anyone at Continental, other than  Ms. Davenport, become aware that there were not one but two policy limits demands that had been ignored?
Does the standard of care require people who supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure that they are complying with Washington law and Continental's own policies and procedures and the standard of care?  A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent manner with Continental's policies and the policies of the particular state in which the claim is involved in.  That claims person has the absolute obligation to make that compliance.  The managers in Continental have a meet the standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing Ms. Davenport's handling of the case, but the fact of the matter is that they were unaware that she had not been corresponding for a period of time, after April 1, 2021, with counsel for claimant, so there is an issue there about failure to comply by Ms. Davenport, but in my view, the way that the structure was set up by Continental was very much met the standard of care, and if a claims person chooses to obscure or fails to do what they say	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system that I think that really they were able to see that there was no activity in the file because it was otherwise obscured by her notes in the file.  The file, regardless of whether the notes were there, did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct, the one that went unresponded to?  In A It did.  And no manager ever looked at the file to determine whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits demand, correct?  Ano one picked that up until April actually, later than April of 2022.  It wasn't until counsel was aware of it.  When did anyone at Continental, other than  When did anyone at Continental, other than  Ms. Davenport, become aware that there were not one but two policy limits demands that had been ignored?  Ano now you are talking about two policy limits
Does the standard of care require people who supervise the frontline adjusters to take steps to ensure that they are complying with Washington law and Continental's own policies and procedures and the standard of care?  A The first aspect of what you just asked is that, in fact, it is the claims professional, first and foremost, who is required to respond to a particular claim in a consistent manner with Continental's policies and the policies of the particular state in which the claim is involved in. That claims person has the absolute obligation to make that compliance.  The managers in Continental have a meet the standard of care, in my view here, in reviewing Ms. Davenport's handling of the case, but the fact of the matter is that they were unaware that she had not been corresponding for a period of time, after April 1, 2021, with counsel for claimant, so there is an issue there about failure to comply by Ms. Davenport, but in my view, the way that the structure was set up by Continental was very much met the standard of care, and if a claims	She was spoken to, and she was asked to respond.  She showed greater response during that period of time, but it was only through the implementation of this system that I think that really they were able to see that there was no activity in the file because it was otherwise obscured by her notes in the file.  The file, regardless of whether the notes were there, did, in fact, contain the policy limits demand, correct, the one that went unresponded to?  In A It did.  And no manager ever looked at the file to determine whether or not there was an unresponded-to policy limits demand, correct?  A No one picked that up until April actually, later than April of 2022.  It wasn't until counsel was aware of it.  I want to make sure I understand.  When did anyone at Continental, other than  Ms. Davenport, become aware that there were not one but two policy limits demands that had been ignored?

Pages 46..49

1	Is that correct?	1 It would be "Shared content"?
	Q Yes.	2 Q No, I'm sorry, it's not under "Shared content."
	A And you are asking when they became aware?	3 It's in "Chat."
	Q Yeah.	4 A Okay. That's what I needed to know.
	A They did not become aware of that until October of 2022.	5 I don't see it in chat either. All I get is an
	Q And are you aware of any discipline, formal or informal,	· ·
7	that Ms. Davenport received from Continental as a result	7 MR. BRIDGMAN: Kari, can you just pull
8	of the multiple failures you have identified in this	8 it up, share the screen, so we can make sure we have it?
9	case?	9 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Ms. Molander, we have sort of scrolled
	A Other than her being talked to in terms of this and	through on our screen what's been marked as Exhibit
11	having been reported on her personnel file that she was	11 No. 2.
12	not in compliance in this case, I don't know of any	12 Can you identify that for us, please?
13	additional discipline that was given to her.	13 A Yes. That is the expert disclosure and opinion of
	Q It is your belief that she was reported as not being in	14 Plaintiff's expert, Mary Owen.
15	compliance on this case in her personnel file?	15 MR. BRIDGMAN: Thank you. We can go
	A She was talked about in terms of not being in compliance	16 ahead and take that down.
17	in this case.	17 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Looking at your report and your second
18	I understand that she was talked to.	opinion on Page 5, the heading reads, "Continental's
19	Q Do you agree that it's a red flag or a warning sign when	19 handling of Ms. Cohodas' claim for the time period
20	an adjuster requires management prodding in order to do	20 between the accident and the policy limits demand met
21	their work?	21 industry standards."
22	A I am not a personnel manager, in terms of red flag	22 Is that correct?
23	warnings or not.	23 A Yes, that that's what it says.
24	I have never been involved in HR.	24 Q Okay. I want to make sure, you are aware, are you not,
25	I think that in this situation, as soon as	that Ms. Cohodas is not suing as a result of
		_
	Page 47	<del>-</del>
1	Page 47 management became aware that there was both nonresponse	Page 49 1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy
1 2		- Page 49
	management became aware that there was both nonresponse	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy
2	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that	Page 49 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy limits demand?
2	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very
2 3 4	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,
2 3 4 5	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded
2 3 4 5 6	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.
2 3 4 5 6 7	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?  13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?  13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in  14 terms of that.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.  (Recess 10:24 to 10:38 a.m.)	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?  13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in  14 terms of that.  15 It is important for my evaluation overall of this
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.  (Recess 10:24 to 10:38 a.m.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) We are back on the record.	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?  13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in  14 terms of that.  15 It is important for my evaluation overall of this  16 matter, and the handling of this matter overall, to
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.  (Recess 10:24 to 10:38 a.m.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) We are back on the record.  Ms. Lester and the court reporter were kind enough	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?  13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in  14 terms of that.  15 It is important for my evaluation overall of this  16 matter, and the handling of this matter overall, to  17 determine whether or not industry standards were met from
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.  (Recess 10:24 to 10:38 a.m.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) We are back on the record.  Ms. Lester and the court reporter were kind enough to remind me, we talked a bit about Ms. Owen's report.	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?  13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in  14 terms of that.  15 It is important for my evaluation overall of this  16 matter, and the handling of this matter overall, to  17 determine whether or not industry standards were met from  18 the very inception of the claim being first tendered.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.  (Recess 10:24 to 10:38 a.m.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) We are back on the record.  Ms. Lester and the court reporter were kind enough to remind me, we talked a bit about Ms. Owen's report.  We have marked it as Exhibit No. 2.	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?  13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in  14 terms of that.  15 It is important for my evaluation overall of this  16 matter, and the handling of this matter overall, to  17 determine whether or not industry standards were met from  18 the very inception of the claim being first tendered.  19 Q And I want to make sure we've got a lot of the sort of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.  (Recess 10:24 to 10:38 a.m.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) We are back on the record.  Ms. Lester and the court reporter were kind enough to remind me, we talked a bit about Ms. Owen's report.  We have marked it as Exhibit No. 2.  Can you just please confirm that Exhibit No. 2 is	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?  13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in  14 terms of that.  15 It is important for my evaluation overall of this  16 matter, and the handling of this matter overall, to  17 determine whether or not industry standards were met from  18 the very inception of the claim being first tendered.  19 Q And I want to make sure we've got a lot of the sort of  back and forth between Ms. Lester and Ms. Davenport on
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.  (Recess 10:24 to 10:38 a.m.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) We are back on the record.  Ms. Lester and the court reporter were kind enough to remind me, we talked a bit about Ms. Owen's report.  We have marked it as Exhibit No. 2.  Can you just please confirm that Exhibit No. 2 is Ms. Owen's report that you were discussing earlier?	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy  2 limits demand?  3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very  4 important to place, in any event, the context here that,  5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded  6 that did meet industry standards.  7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear.  8 It's my understanding that Continental is not  9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to  10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are  11 defenses in this case.  12 Is that your understanding as well?  13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in  14 terms of that.  15 It is important for my evaluation overall of this  16 matter, and the handling of this matter overall, to  17 determine whether or not industry standards were met from  18 the very inception of the claim being first tendered.  19 Q And I want to make sure we've got a lot of the sort of  10 back and forth between Ms. Lester and Ms. Davenport on  11 things like getting a copy of the policy and getting the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	management became aware that there was both nonresponse to a policy limits demand and, more importantly, that information had come from the expert treating physicians of Ms. Cohodas under oath, that they believed that her injuries and conditions were substantially the result of the motor vehicle accident in 2015, management engaged in and very quickly, much more quickly than is customary in insurance practice, very quickly, enabled the policy limits to be paid to Ms. Cohodas.  MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. This is probably a good time to take a break.  Thank you for indulging me so we could finish this topic.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.  (Recess 10:24 to 10:38 a.m.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) We are back on the record.  Ms. Lester and the court reporter were kind enough to remind me, we talked a bit about Ms. Owen's report.  We have marked it as Exhibit No. 2.  Can you just please confirm that Exhibit No. 2 is Ms. Owen's report that you were discussing earlier?  A Just a moment. I have to pull that up.	Page 49  1 Continental's conduct prior to her presenting the policy 2 limits demand? 3 A I was not aware of that, but I think that it's very 4 important to place, in any event, the context here that, 5 in fact, the six years of claims handling that preceded 6 that did meet industry standards. 7 Q And I want to make sure that we're clear. 8 It's my understanding that Continental is not 9 claiming that any of the events that took place prior to 10 Ms. Lester presenting the policy limits demand are 11 defenses in this case. 12 Is that your understanding as well? 13 A I do not have any understanding one way or the other in 14 terms of that. 15 It is important for my evaluation overall of this 16 matter, and the handling of this matter overall, to 17 determine whether or not industry standards were met from 18 the very inception of the claim being first tendered. 19 Q And I want to make sure we've got a lot of the sort of 10 back and forth between Ms. Lester and Ms. Davenport on 11 things like getting a copy of the policy and getting the 12 Hamilton buyout done, those types of things that you're

Cohodas vs The Continental Insurance Company

Pages 50..53

Page 53

Molander, Julia - March 28, 2024 Page 50 1 case to withhold medical records and withhold medical She has relationships with her attorney. 2 2 In terms of what information has been submitted, bills so that a claims person over time can get an idea 3 of what is going on in the case, get an idea of what 3 there is an obligation that others participate and give 4 information in order to be able to allow the insurance might need to be paid, what might need to be done, not 5 company to fully evaluate the claim. 5 all at once at one fell swoop and with a 20-day time 6 6 There was a gap in responsiveness on the part of 7 7 Ms. Lester. That having been said, Ms. Davenport, according to She is not in a relationship with Continental, she 8 her own testimony, never read the medical records. 8 9 is in an adversary relationship with Continental, but she 9 Q So I want to take a break for a minute. MR. BRIDGMAN: Anthony, if this is a 10 did not respond to any number of requests for bills. 10 11 medical information, and status updates that were given 11 defense in the case, Kari Lester is going to be a 12 12 to her over the course of the period of handling this witness. 13 matter. 13 If you're going to put up, you know, all the 14 That does go into my evaluation of the claim 14 pre-conduct-- I understand it for context, that's fine, 15 altogether. 15 but if that acts as an excuse for Continental's behavior, 16 In UIM cases, that typically does not happen. 16 then we'll identify Kari right now and make arrangements 17 17 Typically what happens is if you have a claim for to get her deposed. 18 benefits under the policy, you are giving bills, you are 18 MR. TODARO: I don't even understand 19 19 giving information, you are giving evaluations, even if your point, Geoff, but I am happy to talk to you. 20 those evaluations change over time by medical experts, 20 I think Julia was very clear on the importance of 21 and that did not happen, despite the fact that it was 21 the history of the claim from inception, including the 22 requested a number of times by Ms. Davenport. 22 applicability of the WACs that you have identified that 23 The discussion of whether or not the handling, prior 23 relate to when the notice of the claim came in. 24 24 to April 1, 2021, was in compliance with industry I note that Mary Owen spends page after page talking 25 standards is important because it sets the context of 25 about 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, so I don't get your point, Page 51 what was or was not provided and what was or was not kept 1 1 but if you want to go off the record and have a 2 under wraps in that period of time. 2 discussion about it, I'm happy to do it. 3 Q So let's make sure we're clear on one thing: 3 MR. BRIDGMAN: We are off the record. 4 Ms. Davenport eventually did get all of the medical 4 We are having a discussion. 5 records, correct? 5 (Discussion off the record.) 6 A She got all of the medical records and was given 20 days 7 in which to respond to the demand and the 2,500 pages of 7 8 medical records. of the policy limits demand, correct? 9 Q And she never read the medical records, correct? 9 A Yes. I've seen the medical records. 10 A That's what she says. 11 Q Didn't read them in the first 20 days, didn't read them 11 medical records, correct? in the year-plus that followed? 12 A Correct. 13 A Completely violated Continental's standards in terms of 14 this. 14 records prior to this case, correct? 15 Q And whether or not Ms. Lester did or didn't provide the 15 A That's not correct.

16 records prior to presenting the demand does not excuse

17 the failure to read the medical records, does it?

18 A It certainly did not meet Continental's standards in her

19 failure to read the medical records.

20 Q And whether or not Ms. Lester did or didn't provide

21 records earlier than providing the entire demand at one

22 fell swoop, that does not excuse Continental's failure to

23 respond to the demand, correct?

24 A Not correct.

25 It is unusual and not customary for counsel in a UIM

6 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) You are aware that Ms. Cohodas was receiving ongoing treatment up to and even after the date 10 Q You have seen the medical records. You actually read the 13 Q And no human being at Continental read any of the medical Paul Smith, who was part of-- who was representing 17 Continental, and if you use "Continental" writ large, was 18 in fact involved in this case and did, in fact, have the 19 medical records or was aware of the medical records. 20 Q Other than Paul Smith, no human being employed at the 21 Continental Insurance Company, who got a paycheck from the Continental Insurance Company, or CNA, had read or 23 reviewed any of the medical records, correct? 24 A Correct, but the doctor also, that was retained by 25 Continental, in fact read the medical records.

Pages 54..57

Page 57

IVIV	olalidel, Julia - Maioli 20, 2024	r ayes 34
1	Page 54  Q And the doctor who was retained by Continental was not a	Page 50
2	Continental employee but was instead acting as an	2 A The one case that I can recall, where I was involved as
3	independent contractor, correct?	3 counsel on behalf of the insurance company, I think that
4	A Importantly, yes, that was the correct way to do it.	4 there was information given at various points in time in
5	That is a perfectly reasonable thing to have happen,	5 the case that updated both the medical records and the
6	which is when you have a complicated and unusual case	6 billings involved in the records.
7		7 Q Would that be cases where there was also PIP, so that the
8	then evolves into a situation which has additional	8 insurance carrier was paying for the medical treatment as
9	conditions attributed, with an eggshell plaintiff's prior	9 well?
10	0 experience with other incidents that caused similar	10 A I honestly cannot remember whether PIP was involved one
1.	1 conditions, it is an impossible job for a a virtually	11 way or the other, but where you have a circumstance where
12		12 you have significant invoices that are outstanding from
1:	3 profession, to understand the importance of all this	13 various medical providers during the course of the UIM
14	4 without having had expert opinions.	14 claim, it is pretty typical that those would be, in fact,
15	In my view it was appropriate for Continental to	15 submitted to the insurance company to view in context of
10	6 retain the expert and have her go through that and	16 the case, and if there was liability, causation, and
17	7 ultimately have when, in fact, the expert treating	17 damages, to pay those.
18	physicians gave testimony on behalf of Ms. Cohodas in the	18 Q So eventually they were submitted, and Continental did
19		not pay them for well over a year, correct?
20	that, in fact, her condition was caused by this accident.	20 A Continental had no knowledge of these billings and
2		21 payments, except that they were, in fact, given to

Page 55 condition and should be, in fact, paid the policy limits,

became reasonable and clear that, in fact, she had such a

determinations earlier, it was appropriate, at that point

in time, to have a determination among people at

Continental that, in fact, at that point in time it

2 and they did so.

3 Q So you are talking about stuff that's in Opinion No. 4.

4 Right now I am focused on Opinion No. 3.

5 How many--

22

23

24

25

1

6 A Opinion No. 3?

7 I disagree with you. In fact, that does have to do

8 with Opinion No. 3 and Opinion No. 2.

9 Q I misspoke. We are talking about Opinion No. 2, so let's

10 make sure that we are clear.

11 So how many UIM cases have you handled as defense

counsel in the state of Washington?

13 A I have handled, as far as I know, no defense counsel UIM

14 cases.

15 I have handled UIM cases as counsel on behalf of the

insurance company, I think at least once in Washington

and a number of times in California.

18 Q And it is your testimony that the standard is that

19 plaintiff attorneys seeking UIM benefits will provide the

20 insurance company with bits and pieces of updates on

21 medical records as opposed to just packaging them all up

22 at the end and presenting a demand; is that right?

23 A That it is customary for that to happen in UIM cases is

24 what I've experienced.

25 Q Is it customary for that to happen in UIM cases in

1 A All right.

22

23

2 Q Page 7.

3 So the heading says, "From October 2021 to the

conclusion of the case in October of 2022, Continental

There was nothing that they were aware of with

5 acted responsibly in hiring counsel and retaining a

6 medical expert," correct?

Ms. Davenport.

24 respect to the medical records.

25 Q Okay. Let's move on to Opinion No. 3.

7 A Correct.

8 Q The Forsberg & Umlauf firm, was that a firm that was

known to you prior to this case?

10 A Absolutely.

11 Q They are a good firm, right?

12 A Their reputation is as a good firm.

13 Q And you are aware that the claims in this case that

14 Ms. Cohodas is making aren't that it was a breach of the

15 standard of care to hire the Forsberg & Umlauf firm,

16

17 A The fact is that that conceivably could be a part of a

18 claim that an insurance company did not act responsibly,

19 but here, in fact, Continental did act responsibly in

20 hiring Forsberg & Umlauf to handle the case for the

21 arbitration.

22 Q And you are aware that Ms. Cohodas does not contend that

23 it was inappropriate for Continental to hire a medical

expert?

25 A I think that part of the context of the entire case is,

Pages 58..61

Page 58  in fact, that this was an instance Continental acted	Page 60  1 respect to my opinion, and I don't believe that I could
2 reasonably in hiring a medical expert in particular to	2 tell you, in terms of agency law, whether or not they
3 review the medical records and to give an opinion with	3 acted as agency.
4 respect to whether there was causation between the	4 They certainly were counsel for Continental with
5 conditions suffered by Ms. Cohodas and the motor vehicle	5 respect to the handling of the arbitration.
6 accident.	6 If they acted outside the bounds of what they should
7 Q Now, you say from April 2021 to the conclusion they acted	7 have done as counsel, I can't answer for you whether or
8 responsibly in hiring counsel and retaining an expert,	8 not that violates agency principles or not.
9 but they didn't hire counsel in April 1, 2021, did they?	9 I am not in the position to say whether or not they
10 A They did not. They hired counsel in July of 2021.	10 were the agent of Continental.
11 Q And they didn't retain an expert until July of 2022,	11 I know that for ten months, after being asked to
12 right?	12 retain the expert, Mr. Smith did not do so.
13 A Well, Continental approved an expert prior to that time.	13 That, in my view, was problematic in terms of the
14 I am almost I think it was in May of 2021, but the	14 ability of Continental to engage in fair claims handling
15 expert, in fact, was not hired until July of 2022.	15 with respect to this case because they just simply did
16 Q And nothing prevented Continental, on April 1, 2021, from	16 not know that the expert had not been retained yet.
17 retaining an expert so that they could evaluate	17 Q And remember, of course, Continental had already violated
18 Ms. Cohodas's demand, correct?	18 the fair claims handling by not responding to the policy
19 A I don't know whether anything interfered with that.	19 limits demand at any time prior to even retaining
20 Once the request was made, it was approved, and	20 Mr. Smith, correct?
21 there was no interference in terms of, or objection to,	21 MR. TODARO: Object to form.
22 hiring a medical expert, particularly in this complicated	22 THE WITNESS: I am not in a position
23 case.	23 to be able to make the ultimate determination in terms of
24 Q So would it have been appropriate for Continental to have	24 that.
25 hired an expert immediately upon receiving Ms. Cohodas's	25 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) But you are in a position to say that
Dawa FO	Page 64
Page 59 1 policy limits demand?	Page 61  1 Continental did not respond within ten days did not
	1 Continental did not respond within ten days did not
1 policy limits demand?	1 Continental did not respond within ten days did not
<ul><li>1 policy limits demand?</li><li>2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Continental did not respond within ten days did not</li> <li>acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>policy limits demand?</li> <li>A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.</li> <li>It was appropriate for Continental to retain an</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continental did not respond within ten days did not</li> <li>acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits</li> <li>demand, right?</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>policy limits demand?</li> <li>A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.</li> <li>It was appropriate for Continental to retain an</li> <li>expert when they did retain the expert.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Continental did not respond within ten days did not</li> <li>acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits</li> <li>demand, right?</li> <li>A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>policy limits demand?</li> <li>A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.</li> <li>It was appropriate for Continental to retain an</li> <li>expert when they did retain the expert.</li> <li>Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continental did not respond within ten days did not</li> <li>acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits</li> <li>demand, right?</li> <li>A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.</li> <li>Ms. Davenport didn't do it.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>policy limits demand?</li> <li>A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.</li> <li>It was appropriate for Continental to retain an</li> <li>expert when they did retain the expert.</li> <li>Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of</li> <li>2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continental did not respond within ten days did not</li> <li>acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits</li> <li>demand, right?</li> <li>A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.</li> <li>Ms. Davenport didn't do it.</li> <li>Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>policy limits demand?</li> <li>A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.</li> <li>It was appropriate for Continental to retain an</li> <li>expert when they did retain the expert.</li> <li>Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of</li> <li>2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a</li> <li>demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continental did not respond within ten days did not</li> <li>acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits</li> <li>demand, right?</li> <li>A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.</li> <li>Ms. Davenport didn't do it.</li> <li>Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of</li> <li>receiving the demand, correct?</li> </ul>
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand.	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand.	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it.  Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is
<ul> <li>policy limits demand?</li> <li>A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.</li> <li>It was appropriate for Continental to retain an</li> <li>expert when they did retain the expert.</li> <li>Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of</li> <li>2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a</li> <li>demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021?</li> <li>A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand.</li> <li>Continental did not know about the demand.</li> <li>The only person at Continental who knew about the</li> </ul>	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it.  Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct? A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she 12 cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she 12 cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in 13 failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct? A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she 12 cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in 13 failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let 14 them know that this demand had been made.	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it.  Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation.
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she 12 cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in 13 failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let 14 them know that this demand had been made. 15 The inquiry really is was it appropriate to retain	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct? A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation. It wasn't until July of 2022 that the doctor was, in
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she 12 cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in 13 failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let 14 them know that this demand had been made. 15 The inquiry really is was it appropriate to retain 16 an expert, and the answer is absolutely, and they	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation.  It wasn't until July of 2022 that the doctor was, in fact, retained.
policy limits demand?  A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.  It was appropriate for Continental to retain an  expert when they did retain the expert.  Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of  2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a  demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021?  A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand.  Continental did not know about the demand.  The only person at Continental who knew about the  demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she  cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in  failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let  them know that this demand had been made.  The inquiry really is was it appropriate to retain  an expert, and the answer is absolutely, and they  retained the expert at the request of Ms. Davenport, or	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct? A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation. It wasn't until July of 2022 that the doctor was, in fact, retained.
policy limits demand?  A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.  It was appropriate for Continental to retain an expert when they did retain the expert.  Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021?  A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand.  Continental did not know about the demand.  The only person at Continental who knew about the demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let them know that this demand had been made.  The inquiry really is was it appropriate to retain an expert, and the answer is absolutely, and they retained the expert at the request of Ms. Davenport, or she had gotten the approval, and it was retained by	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it.  Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation.  It wasn't until July of 2022 that the doctor was, in fact, retained.  Ms. Davenport did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she 12 cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in 13 failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let 14 them know that this demand had been made. 15 The inquiry really is was it appropriate to retain 16 an expert, and the answer is absolutely, and they 17 retained the expert at the request of Ms. Davenport, or 18 she had gotten the approval, and it was retained by 19 counsel through Dr. Kenyon was retained by counsel but	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it.  Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation.  It wasn't until July of 2022 that the doctor was, in fact, retained.  Ms. Davenport did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  No investigation was completed nor could it have been.
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she 12 cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in 13 failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let 14 them know that this demand had been made. 15 The inquiry really is was it appropriate to retain 16 an expert, and the answer is absolutely, and they 17 retained the expert at the request of Ms. Davenport, or 18 she had gotten the approval, and it was retained by 19 counsel through Dr. Kenyon was retained by counsel but 20 unfortunately not until July of 2022.	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct? A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation. It wasn't until July of 2022 that the doctor was, in fact, retained. Q Ms. Davenport did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  No investigation was completed nor could it have been. I mean, the final investigation really relied upon
policy limits demand?  A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head.  It was appropriate for Continental to retain an expert when they did retain the expert.  Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021?  A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand.  Continental did not know about the demand.  The only person at Continental who knew about the demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let them know that this demand had been made.  The inquiry really is was it appropriate to retain an expert, and the answer is absolutely, and they retained the expert at the request of Ms. Davenport, or she had gotten the approval, and it was retained by counsel through Dr. Kenyon was retained by counsel but unfortunately not until July of 2022.  Why counsel at Forsberg & Umlauf failed to do that,	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct? A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation. It wasn't until July of 2022 that the doctor was, in fact, retained. Q Ms. Davenport did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A No investigation was completed nor could it have been. I mean, the final investigation really relied upon the information received from Ms. Cohodas's doctors,
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she 12 cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in 13 failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let 14 them know that this demand had been made. 15 The inquiry really is was it appropriate to retain 16 an expert, and the answer is absolutely, and they 17 retained the expert at the request of Ms. Davenport, or 18 she had gotten the approval, and it was retained by 19 counsel through Dr. Kenyon was retained by counsel but 20 unfortunately not until July of 2022. 21 Why counsel at Forsberg & Umlauf failed to do that, 22 I have no reason I have no idea.	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it. Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct? A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation. It wasn't until July of 2022 that the doctor was, in fact, retained.  Q Ms. Davenport did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  Ma No investigation was completed nor could it have been. I mean, the final investigation really relied upon the information received from Ms. Cohodas's doctors, which until October 7th, 2022 was still uncertain, still
1 policy limits demand? 2 A That kind of turns the inquiry on its head. 3 It was appropriate for Continental to retain an 4 expert when they did retain the expert. 5 Q So it's appropriate for Continental to wait until July of 6 2022 to retain an expert to review medical records in a 7 demand that had been presented on April 1st, 2021? 8 A Continental unfortunately was not aware of the demand. 9 Continental did not know about the demand. 10 The only person at Continental who knew about the 11 demand was Cindy Davenport, and for reasons that she 12 cannot explain, she violated Continental's procedures in 13 failure to raise the demand with her superiors and to let 14 them know that this demand had been made. 15 The inquiry really is was it appropriate to retain 16 an expert, and the answer is absolutely, and they 17 retained the expert at the request of Ms. Davenport, or 18 she had gotten the approval, and it was retained by 19 counsel through Dr. Kenyon was retained by counsel but 20 unfortunately not until July of 2022. 21 Why counsel at Forsberg & Umlauf failed to do that, 22 I have no reason I have no idea. 23 Q Forsberg & Umlauf were acting as agents for Continental,	Continental did not respond within ten days did not acknowledge receipt within ten days of the policy limits demand, right?  A Absolutely. There is no contest with respect to that.  Ms. Davenport didn't do it.  Q And did not complete an investigation within 30 days of receiving the demand, correct?  A Again, that in itself does not, in my opinion, constitute a violation of IFCA or of the rules, and the reason is that it's got to be a reasonable period of time to review, but the fact of the matter is the communication did not occur, and the investigation was not completed within that period of time because the doctor had not yet been retained to do the investigation.  It wasn't until July of 2022 that the doctor was, in fact, retained.  Ms. Davenport did not complete an investigation within  A No investigation was completed nor could it have been.  I mean, the final investigation really relied upon the information received from Ms. Cohodas's doctors, which until October 7th, 2022 was still uncertain, still not difficult to say that there was a direct connection

Pages 62..65

Molander, Julia - March 26, 2024	Pages 6265
Page 62  Then on October 7th, 2022 the determination by these	Page 64  1 vehicle accident.
2 two preeminent doctors was certain, they said within a	2 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Are you aware of whether or not
3 reasonable medical certainty, and this was under oath.	3 Continental shared these oral opinions with the medical
4 At that point in time, Continental acted very	4 expert that it retained?
5 quickly in paying the policy limits.	5 MR. TODARO: Object to form.
6 Q Yeah, but I'm going way back, right?	6 THE WITNESS: I don't know whether
7 We are talking about	7 that happened or not.
8 A Well, not too far back, right?	8 I know that there was discussion between Paul Smith
9 Q We are talking about Paul Smith.	9 and the medical expert, and that Continental's medical
10 I am just trying to point out, more than ten days	10 expert concluded that, in fact, she had conditions that
11 had elapsed after receipt of the policy limits demand	11 looked like they were not connected with, or at least not
12 before Mr. Smith was retained, correct?	12 entirely connected with, the accident, and she also
13 A Mr. Smith was retained in July of 2021, so you can	13 determined that she did not think that the reported
14 Q Yeah, and that's more than 30 days after the receipt of	14 condition of POTS, P-O-T-S, all caps, was related to the
15 the demand, correct?	15 motor vehicle accident.
16 A Right, that was more than 30 days after receipt of the	16 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, I understand all that, but the
17 demand.	17 issue that I'm trying to get at is:
18 Q And Continental had an obligation to try and do an	18 When did anyone at Continental tell Ms. Cohodas that
19 investigation during that 30-day period, correct?	19 they disputed causation?
20 A Continental had an obligation to communicate. They did	20 A I've already answered that.
21 not. Cindy Davenport did not communicate with respect to	21 MR. TODARO: Objection; asked and
22 this.	22 answered.
23 Q And you've talked about causation being an issue.	23 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) I did not understand that answer at
Where or when did Continental communicate with	24 all.
25 Ms. Cohodas to tell her that they challenge causation?	25 Can you please tell me when, because I did not get
Page 63  1 A Continental could not communicate with Ms. Cohodas	Page 65  1 it from your prior answer?
2 because your firm was representing her, so there was no	2 MR. TODARO: It was answered
3 opportunity to ever communicate directly with her, but	3 completely.
4 with respect to the decision the evaluation by	4 Objection; asked and answered.
5 Dr. Kenyon, who raised the issue of the eggshell	5 Julia, if you want to answer it again, you can.
6 plaintiff, raised the issue regarding the prior medical	6 THE WITNESS: The records that date
7 conditions, the uncertainty of the doctors in their	7 from 2018 through the conclusion of this matter indicate
8 initial reports that were included in the April 1, 2021	8 that there were discussions regarding whether or not, in
9 demand, and then the certainty, finally, in October of	9 fact, Ms. Cohodas's conditions were caused by the motor
10 2022, that settled the issue, that they were willing to	10 vehicle accident.
11 say under penalty of perjury that these conditions	11 That was the only issue in this case.
12 suffered by Ms. Cohodas were, in fact, directly a part of	12 The fact that there was a motor vehicle accident,
13 the accident and not due to other prior existing	13 that was already there.
14 conditions that she had suffered before the accident	14 The fact that there was no fault on the part of the
15 occurred.	15 driver of the car, Ms. Cohodas's friend, Ms. Silver, that
16 Q When, if ever, did Continental inform Ms. Cohodas,	16 was established.
17 through her counsel, that it challenged causation?	17 The fact that Ms. Cohodas was entitled to coverage
18 MR. TODARO: Object to form.	18 under the policy issued to Ms. Silver's father's
19 THE WITNESS: The fact that	19 business, that was established.
20 Continental was requiring the records of the medical	20 All those were established.
21 experts and that those were at issue, and that there was	21 The only issue left, throughout this, and the reason
22 an admission that, in fact, there was an eggshell	22 for the medical records, was, in fact, to determine what
23 plaintiff here in the medical records, indicates the	23 part, if any, Ms. Cohodas's prior medical conditions
•	
24 Issue was clearly on the table as to whether or not the	24 played in terms of her condition, which was initially
<ul><li>issue was clearly on the table as to whether or not the</li><li>conditions of Ms. Cohodas were caused by this motor</li></ul>	<ul><li>24 played in terms of her condition, which was initially</li><li>25 diagnosed by her own physician as a whiplash.</li></ul>

Pages 66..69

- Walder 20, 2021	1 ages 6000
Page 66  The fact that other medical conditions increased	Page 68  1 defense counsel on how to respond to the second policy
2 occurred during the course of her treatment complicated	2 limits demand?
3 this issue tremendously, and this was the whole point of	3 A The demand was known to defense counsel on October on
4 the interchange with counsel for Ms. Cohodas.	4 August 31st of 2021. I understand that Ms. Lester sent
5 I am mystified as to the question in and of itself	5 defense counsel the policy limits demand.
6 because this was the whole point of the determination	6 I don't think that the medical records were included
7 that medical records were needed.	7 in that, but she did send the demand with respect to the
8 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) You say the records show, from 2018 to	8 policy limits.
9 the end of the case, causation.	9 Ms. Davenport did not comply with Continental's own
10 What I want to be clear about is, what records are	10 policies in failing to communicate that demand to her
11 you talking about?	11 superiors, and she further failed in not responding to
What communication went from either Continental or	12 defense counsel's communications asking for something a
13 Paul Smith to Kari Lester saying, "We dispute causation"?	13 response with respect to the policy limits demand.
14 MR. TODARO: Object to form	14 The counsel, Mr. Smith, did, in fact, acknowledge
15 THE WITNESS: It was asked and	15 the receipt of that demand to Ms. Lester but did not
16 answered.	16 follow through with respect to it.
17 The questions that were recorded in the claims file,	17 Q And you indicate, on Page 9 of your report, on
18 the answers, the questions of why the medical records	18 September 10th he, referring to Mr. Smith, sent a letter
19 were needed, is all part of that.	19 to Ms. Lester acknowledging the receipt of the demand and
There was only one question in this entire case,	20 indicating that "Continental would like to mediate once
21 which is, "Were her medical conditions caused by the	21 it had more information regarding Ms. Cohodas's
22 motor vehicle accident?"	22 symptoms," correct?
23 All the other questions you have in a UIM case, they	23 A Yes, that's my review of that particular letter.
24 were not part of this case. You only had this one	24 Q And Mr. Smith had no authority from Continental to say
25 particular question.	25 that it wanted to mediate at that time because Cindy
paracala queenem	and the manner to measure at the second contact of the second cont
Page 67  1 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) And just to be clear then, the source,	
2 the place that I would go to find the communications	<ul><li>1 Davenport hadn't communicated with him, correct?</li><li>2 A I don't know that I can agree with you.</li></ul>
3 then, I would go to the claim diary and see the notations	3 He may or may not have had authority to set up a
of the calls between Ms. Lester and Ms. Davenport, that's	4 mediation.
5 where I will find the fact that they were that	5 She may have discussed that with Mr. Smith.
6 Continental was challenging causation and told Ms. Lester	6 I think that there had been communications between
7 that?	7 them, so I don't think that that's correct.
8 A It could be in the claims diary, but more importantly, it	8 Q And it indicates here that Continental would like to
9 is the whole fact of this case.	9 mediate once it had more information regarding
10 You cannot look at this matter without realizing	
11 that, in fact, the sole legal issue, with respect to the	10 Ms. Cohodas's symptoms?  11 A Right.
12 UIM case, is, in fact, that the the question of whether	_
	12 Q What information did Mr. Smith indicate that Continental
or not Ms. Cohodas's condition was caused by the motor	13 needed?
14 vehicle accident and whether or not her prior conditions	14 A I don't think the letter was explicit on that.
15 played any role in that.	15 Q You don't think that the letter said, "We would like to
16 Q So we have alluded to but not talked much about the	16 schedule an IME"?
17 second policy limits demand.	17 A It may have said that.
You are aware there was a second policy limits	18 Q And, in fact, the expert said that she didn't need an
19 demand that came in?	19 IME, correct?
20 A lam.	20 A Ultimately the expert, when she received the medical
21 We have talked about that.	21 records in July of 2022, said she did not need an IME.
22 Q Yeah, just not a lot.	22 It is customary to have an IME in many UIM cases,
So do we agree that Ms. Davenport breached the	but in this situation she felt she had enough to be able
24 standard of care by not responding to the second policy	24 to assess the situation, or so she reported, without an
25 limits demand and/or by not giving direction to her	25 IME.

Pages 70..73

Molander, Julia - March 28, 2024	Pages 7073
Page 70 1 Q So Footnote No. 3, on Page 9, you say, "Regardless of the	Page 72  that they challenged causation after receipt of the
2 demand terms, Continental had an obligation to pay the	2 demand?
3 UIM policy limits of \$1 million within a reasonable	3 I understand Continental hired an expert, they
4 period of time after Continental received information	4 looked at it, and all that, but what I'm looking at is
5 from Ms. Cohodas that her condition was caused by the	5 the communication between Continental and its insured
6 rear-end accident."	6 through its counsel.
7 A It goes on to say, "The receipt of this information did	7 A There could not be any other issue involved. There could
8 not occur until October 7th, 2022, and policy limits were	8 not have been.
9 paid shortly thereafter."	9 There was only one issue, which is whether or not
10 Q Are you aware of any evidence in the record showing that	10 these conditions were caused by the motor vehicle
anyone at Continental, or employed by Continental,	11 accident or some other source or some combination, so you
12 including its counsel, indicated to Ms. Cohodas, through	12 would have to sort out the two and have to figure out
13 Ms. Lester, that the information that had been provided	13 what was allocated to what.
in the policy limits demand, including all of the medical	14 That is the only issue in the case.
15 records, was somehow insufficient to demonstrate	15 That is why you guys wanted arbitration, for the
16 causation?	16 arbitrator to decide ultimately in terms of this
17 A The report from Dr. Kenyon, based on the medical records,	17 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.
18 was, in fact, that she did not believe there was	18 I don't know how it was communicated, explicitly,
19 causation of Ms. Cohodas's condition by the motor vehicle	19 implicitly, but it was clear that this was the only issue
20 accident, or if there was, it was not to the extent that	20 involved in the case.
21 there was a serious issue there in terms of causation.	21 Q Are you aware of, other than the idea that it was
22 She came down on saying that she did not believe	implicit in the overall case, that anyone at Continental,
that Ms. Cohodas was suffering from POTS, but that she	or its counsel, advised Ms. Cohodas, through Ms. Lester,
24 did have other medical conditions and that it was unclear	24 that it challenged causation?
25 whether or not this was involved in exacerbated damages	25 A I have answered.
Page 71	Page 73
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a	1 My prior answer stands.
<ul><li>1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a</li><li>2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.</li></ul>	<ul><li>My prior answer stands.</li><li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li></ul>
<ol> <li>from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a</li> <li>complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.</li> <li>This was communicated to counsel for Continental.</li> </ol>	<ul><li>My prior answer stands.</li><li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li><li>never even read the medical records?</li></ul>
<ol> <li>from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a</li> <li>complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.</li> <li>This was communicated to counsel for Continental.</li> <li>This really comported with, in large part, the</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>My prior answer stands.</li> <li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li> <li>never even read the medical records?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form.</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a</li> <li>complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.</li> <li>This was communicated to counsel for Continental.</li> <li>This really comported with, in large part, the</li> <li>medical records themselves, taken from the various</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>My prior answer stands.</li> <li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li> <li>never even read the medical records?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form.</li> <li>Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that.</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a</li> <li>complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.</li> <li>This was communicated to counsel for Continental.</li> <li>This really comported with, in large part, the</li> <li>medical records themselves, taken from the various</li> <li>treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>My prior answer stands.</li> <li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li> <li>never even read the medical records?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form.</li> <li>Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that.</li> <li>When did Continental decide that it was challenging</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a</li> <li>complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.</li> <li>This was communicated to counsel for Continental.</li> <li>This really comported with, in large part, the</li> <li>medical records themselves, taken from the various</li> <li>treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over</li> <li>the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>My prior answer stands.</li> <li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li> <li>never even read the medical records?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form.</li> <li>Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that.</li> <li>When did Continental decide that it was challenging</li> <li>causation?</li> </ul>
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from.	<ul> <li>My prior answer stands.</li> <li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li> <li>never even read the medical records?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form.</li> <li>Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that.</li> <li>When did Continental decide that it was challenging</li> <li>causation?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form and</li> </ul>
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when	<ul> <li>My prior answer stands.</li> <li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li> <li>never even read the medical records?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form.</li> <li>Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that.</li> <li>When did Continental decide that it was challenging</li> <li>causation?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form and</li> <li>foundation.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a</li> <li>complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.</li> <li>This was communicated to counsel for Continental.</li> <li>This really comported with, in large part, the</li> <li>medical records themselves, taken from the various</li> <li>treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over</li> <li>the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered</li> <li>from.</li> <li>It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when</li> <li>Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>My prior answer stands.</li> <li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li> <li>never even read the medical records?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form.</li> <li>Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that.</li> <li>When did Continental decide that it was challenging</li> <li>causation?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form and</li> <li>foundation.</li> <li>Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided</li> </ul>
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions	<ul> <li>My prior answer stands.</li> <li>Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had</li> <li>never even read the medical records?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form.</li> <li>Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that.</li> <li>When did Continental decide that it was challenging</li> <li>causation?</li> <li>MR. TODARO: Object to form and</li> <li>foundation.</li> <li>Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided</li> <li>it would challenge causation?</li> </ul>
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident,	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form.
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused 14 by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation.
from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.  This was communicated to counsel for Continental.  This really comported with, in large part, the medical records themselves, taken from the various treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered from.  It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report so that it could be made certain that the conditions were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave testimony that they were caused by the motor vehicle	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation. 15 The initial the customary and initial reports in
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused 14 by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation.
from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a complicated eggshell plaintiff situation.  This was communicated to counsel for Continental.  This really comported with, in large part, the medical records themselves, taken from the various treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered from.  It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report so that it could be made certain that the conditions were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave testimony that they were caused by the motor vehicle accident.	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation. 15 The initial the customary and initial reports in 16 this situation would indicate, to any experienced claims
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused 14 by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave 15 testimony that they were caused by the motor vehicle 16 accident. 17 At that point in time it was reasonably certain that	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation. 15 The initial the customary and initial reports in 16 this situation would indicate, to any experienced claims 17 person, that this was a case of whiplash and not the
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused 14 by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave 15 testimony that they were caused by the motor vehicle 16 accident. 17 At that point in time it was reasonably certain that 18 some or all of her conditions were caused by the motor	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation. 15 The initial the customary and initial reports in 16 this situation would indicate, to any experienced claims 17 person, that this was a case of whiplash and not the 18 seriousness that ultimately was determined that it was.
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused 14 by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave 15 testimony that they were caused by the motor vehicle 16 accident. 17 At that point in time it was reasonably certain that 18 some or all of her conditions were caused by the motor 19 vehicle accident.	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation. 15 The initial the customary and initial reports in 16 this situation would indicate, to any experienced claims 17 person, that this was a case of whiplash and not the 18 seriousness that ultimately was determined that it was. 19 By definition, this was a situation where the issue
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused 14 by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave 15 testimony that they were caused by the motor vehicle 16 accident. 17 At that point in time it was reasonably certain that 18 some or all of her conditions were caused by the motor 19 vehicle accident. 20 With that in mind, Continental reasonably paid its	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation. 15 The initial the customary and initial reports in 16 this situation would indicate, to any experienced claims 17 person, that this was a case of whiplash and not the 18 seriousness that ultimately was determined that it was. 19 By definition, this was a situation where the issue 20 of causation was, in fact, very important, and the policy
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused 14 by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave 15 testimony that they were caused by the motor vehicle 16 accident. 17 At that point in time it was reasonably certain that 18 some or all of her conditions were caused by the motor 19 vehicle accident. 20 With that in mind, Continental reasonably paid its 21 policy limits and very quickly after that information was	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation. 15 The initial the customary and initial reports in 16 this situation would indicate, to any experienced claims 17 person, that this was a case of whiplash and not the 18 seriousness that ultimately was determined that it was. 19 By definition, this was a situation where the issue 20 of causation was, in fact, very important, and the policy 21 limits were \$1 million.
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused 14 by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave 15 testimony that they were caused by the motor vehicle 16 accident. 17 At that point in time it was reasonably certain that 18 some or all of her conditions were caused by the motor 19 vehicle accident. 20 With that in mind, Continental reasonably paid its 21 policy limits and very quickly after that information was 22 received.	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation. 15 The initial the customary and initial reports in 16 this situation would indicate, to any experienced claims 17 person, that this was a case of whiplash and not the 18 seriousness that ultimately was determined that it was. 19 By definition, this was a situation where the issue 20 of causation was, in fact, very important, and the policy 21 limits were \$1 million. 22 It would be reasonable to assume that this was, in
1 from the motor vehicle accident; in other words, it is a 2 complicated eggshell plaintiff situation. 3 This was communicated to counsel for Continental. 4 This really comported with, in large part, the 5 medical records themselves, taken from the various 6 treating physicians that Ms. Cohodas had consulted over 7 the years with in terms of the conditions she suffered 8 from. 9 It was not, in fact, until October 7th, 2022 when 10 Dr. Singh, who was urged by counsel to clarify his report 11 so that it could be made certain that the conditions 12 were, in fact, related to the motor vehicle accident, 13 that Dr. Singh concluded that, in fact, they were caused 14 by the motor vehicle accident, and Dr. Grubb also gave 15 testimony that they were caused by the motor vehicle 16 accident. 17 At that point in time it was reasonably certain that 18 some or all of her conditions were caused by the motor 19 vehicle accident. 20 With that in mind, Continental reasonably paid its 21 policy limits and very quickly after that information was 22 received. 23 Q My question though was:	1 My prior answer stands. 2 Q How could Continental challenge causation when it had 3 never even read the medical records? 4 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 5 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Yeah, let's be more precise on that. 6 When did Continental decide that it was challenging 7 causation? 8 MR. TODARO: Object to form and 9 foundation. 10 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Do you know when Continental decided 11 it would challenge causation? 12 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 13 THE WITNESS: I have the same I have 14 the issue of when did they challenge causation. 15 The initial the customary and initial reports in 16 this situation would indicate, to any experienced claims 17 person, that this was a case of whiplash and not the 18 seriousness that ultimately was determined that it was. 19 By definition, this was a situation where the issue 20 of causation was, in fact, very important, and the policy 21 limits were \$1 million. 22 It would be reasonable to assume that this was, in 23 fact, the sole issue involved in this case.

Pages 74..77

	Page 74		Page 76
1	that that was the case.	1	Q And you agree, don't you, that Continental cannot
2	It was essential that, in fact, there be an inquiry	2	outsource its adjusting responsibilities to Mr. Smith?
3	ultimately as to what was, in fact, the amount of the	3	A lagree with that.
4	the conditions suffered by Ms. Cohodas, be determined	4	They cannot outsource the adjusting
5	whether or not it was attributable to the accident.	5	responsibilities, but they can outsource the handling of
6	Her conditions are unusual.	6	an arbitration claim, and that arbitration claim involved
7	It is unusual for any kind of rear-ender to result	7	the very issues we have been talking about all along,
8	in those kinds of conditions.	8	which is what amounts of her condition that she has been
9	That is an appropriate inquiry, and it was the only	9	treated for would be attributable to the motor vehicle
10		10	accident.
	Q (By Mr. Bridgman) So on April 1st Continental gets all		Q Do you think that any of Ms. Davenport's behavior was
12		12	shocking?
	A They apparently got all the medical records.		•
			A No, because what I told you about what I thought was
14		14	shocking was the billing statements that, in fact, were
	Q And without reviewing any of the medical records,	15	misleading and did not state accurately what was going on
16	<u> </u>	16	or not going on with respect to handling of this case.
17		17	Was her behavior shocking? No, I don't think so. I
	A I think causation was fairly at issue prior to that time.	18	just think it was disappointing. It was disappointing
19		19	that she and that she didn't comply with
20		20	Continental's standards.
21		21	She obviously was very experienced. She knew what
<mark>22</mark>	because it was not yet sorted out among Ms. Cohodas's	22	she was doing, and she did not carry the ball correctly,
<mark>23</mark>		23	and she certainly did not communicate well, and she did
<mark>24</mark>	to the motor vehicle accident.	24	not communicate in accordance with Continental's
25	It wasn't until October 7th, 2022 that that became	25	standards and with Washington's standards.
	Page 75		Page 77
1	Page 75	1	Page 77  Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor
	clear.	1 2	
		2	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor
2 3	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that	2	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?
2 3 <b>4</b>	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.	2 <b>3</b>	<ul> <li>Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?</li> <li>A I think that she could have communicated better with</li> </ul>
2 3 <b>4</b> 5	<ul> <li>clear.</li> <li>Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?</li> <li>A That's fair.</li> <li>Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some</li> </ul>	2 3 4	<ul> <li>Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?</li> <li>A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.</li> <li>Certainly she did not communicate well in August of</li> </ul>
2 3 <b>4</b> 5	<ul> <li>clear.</li> <li>Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?</li> <li>A That's fair.</li> <li>Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5	<ul> <li>Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?</li> <li>A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.</li> <li>Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>clear.</li> <li>Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?</li> <li>A That's fair.</li> <li>Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?</li> <li>A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?</li> <li>A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.</li> <li>Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never	2 3 4 5 6 7	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?</li> <li>A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.</li> <li>Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.</li> <li>Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?</li> <li>A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.</li> <li>Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.</li> <li>Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?</li> <li>A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.</li> <li>Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.</li> <li>Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?</li> <li>A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would think	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would thinka reasonable person would think that, in fact, he was	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of 2022. That was when this file was identified as one
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would thinka reasonable person would think that, in fact, he was doing all of these things that were, in fact, necessary	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of 2022. That was when this file was identified as one which there had been long periods without sufficient
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would thinka reasonable person would think that, in fact, he was doing all of these things that were, in fact, necessary or at least reasonable with respect to handling of the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of 2022. That was when this file was identified as one which there had been long periods without sufficient activity, and at that point in time she shows a number of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would thinka reasonable person would think that, in fact, he was doing all of these things that were, in fact, necessary or at least reasonable with respect to handling of the ultimate arbitration matter, and, in fact, he had done	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of 2022. That was when this file was identified as one which there had been long periods without sufficient activity, and at that point in time she shows a number of communications with Mr. Smith, and thereafter.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would thinka reasonable person would think that, in fact, he was doing all of these things that were, in fact, necessary or at least reasonable with respect to handling of the ultimate arbitration matter, and, in fact, he had done none of that, so that's what I found shocking.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of 2022. That was when this file was identified as one which there had been long periods without sufficient activity, and at that point in time she shows a number of communications with Mr. Smith, and thereafter.  Between September 2021 and March 2022 there were
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would thinka reasonable person would think that, in fact, he was doing all of these things that were, in fact, necessary or at least reasonable with respect to handling of the ultimate arbitration matter, and, in fact, he had done none of that, so that's what I found shocking.  Q And you are aware that Ms. Davenport never reviewed any	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of 2022. That was when this file was identified as one which there had been long periods without sufficient activity, and at that point in time she shows a number of communications with Mr. Smith, and thereafter.  Between September 2021 and March 2022 there were few, if any, communications with Mr. Smith.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would thinka reasonable person would think that, in fact, he was doing all of these things that were, in fact, necessary or at least reasonable with respect to handling of the ultimate arbitration matter, and, in fact, he had done none of that, so that's what I found shocking.  Q And you are aware that Ms. Davenport never reviewed any of his billing records, correct?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of 2022. That was when this file was identified as one which there had been long periods without sufficient activity, and at that point in time she shows a number of communications with Mr. Smith, and thereafter.  Between September 2021 and March 2022 there were few, if any, communications with Mr. Smith.  Q Do you agree that one of the tools that Ms. Cohodas
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would thinka reasonable person would think that, in fact, he was doing all of these things that were, in fact, necessary or at least reasonable with respect to handling of the ultimate arbitration matter, and, in fact, he had done none of that, so that's what I found shocking.  Q And you are aware that Ms. Davenport never reviewed any of his billing records, correct?  A I am not aware that well, I don't consider that in my	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of 2022. That was when this file was identified as one which there had been long periods without sufficient activity, and at that point in time she shows a number of communications with Mr. Smith, and thereafter.  Between September 2021 and March 2022 there were few, if any, communications with Mr. Smith.  Q Do you agree that one of the tools that Ms. Cohodas (sic.) had at her disposal was the use of the defense
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	clear.  Q So you have a number of criticisms of Mr. Smith; is that fair?  A That's fair.  Q You indicate that his behavior was shocking, in some respects, for not responding more promptly; is that fair?  A I think that his behavior was shocking in the sense that matters were stated in his billing statements that never were performed, that he had billed for these supposed review of records, supposed retaining of or pursuing mediation, supposed retaining of the expert, and to me it is always shocking when an attorney does not is not forthright to their client.  In this situation it was absolutely not forthright.  In reading his billing statements, you would thinka reasonable person would think that, in fact, he was doing all of these things that were, in fact, necessary or at least reasonable with respect to handling of the ultimate arbitration matter, and, in fact, he had done none of that, so that's what I found shocking.  Q And you are aware that Ms. Davenport never reviewed any of his billing records, correct?  A I am not aware that well, I don't consider that in my opinion.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q In your opinion did Ms. Davenport appropriately monitor the activities of defense counsel?  A I think that she could have communicated better with defense counsel.  Certainly she did not communicate well in August of 2021. There were communications she had through the case where she had communicated regularly with him and was under the impression that he was doing the things that she had asked him to do, and he had not.  Q Did she communicate, in your opinion, appropriately with defense counsel to help ensure that the work was being done between September of 2021 and the end of March 2022?  A I think throughout the case she had made attempts to communicate with him.  I think her communications accelerated in March of 2022. That was when this file was identified as one which there had been long periods without sufficient activity, and at that point in time she shows a number of communications with Mr. Smith, and thereafter.  Between September 2021 and March 2022 there were few, if any, communications with Mr. Smith.  Q Do you agree that one of the tools that Ms. Cohodas

Pages 78..81

Page 80 Page 78 of 2022. 1 MR. BRIDGMAN: I misspoke. Let me 1 2 Her written opinion did not come until much later, rephrase. 3 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Are you aware that Ms. Davenport, 3 October 14th, 2022, and that was the date that the among the tools that she had to help work with defense submission, as I understand it, by Continental was due to 5 counsel, were Continental's claims or Continental's 5 the arbitrators, and that would not be unusual if she 6 defense counsels' quidelines? knew that the date was that date and so she completed her 7 A The defense counsel guidelines are mostly meant for report at that point in time. 8 defense counsel to guide their own behavior, and it's 8 Q After she did her review, Paul Smith spoke with Cindy 9 rare, if ever, that a claims person in any situation is Davenport in August about the review, correct? 10 involved in dealing with the counsel in terms of whether 10 A I believe it does show that she had a conversation with 11 or not they've communicated. 11 him at some point in time after review where Mr. Smith 12 12 I do not find that she was below the standard of explained to her what the report from Dr. Kenyon was, and 13 care by failing to bring to Mr. Smith's attention that he 13 she made some notations regarding that. 14 may have violated some of the defense counsel guidelines. 14 Q And at that point that information was sufficient to 15 She should be well aware of what those guidelines 15 adjust the reserves, correct? 16 are, and it should be self-enforcing by the law firm. 16 A I don't know. 17 Q Do you know whether or not the defense counsel guidelines 17 That's really an internal matter, but the fact was 18 18 require people to prepare-- defense counsel to prepare that her superior, her supervisor, determined that the 19 written reports analyzing liability, damages, and 19 reserves should be adjusted at that point in time and 20 20 instructed Cindy to change the reserves. I believe it was causation? 21 A Usually they do. 21 to \$600,000, and Ms. Davenport did not do so until 22 22 It would not be surprising if that was the case. October 3rd. 23 23 Q Do you think that Ms. Davenport could have asked That violated the internal policies of Continental. 24 24 Reserves are supposed to be set 30 days, at max, after Mr. Smith to prepare such written reports? 25 A In the normal and customary situation, once an the information that indicated that they should be Page 79 Page 81 1 arbitration is set and there is expectations that the increased-- and that did not occur. 2 2 arbitration will go forward, as there was here, the However, those reserves were, in fact, lifted to 3 3 \$1 million, the policy limits, within a week after that. defense counsel's report, in terms of evaluation, usually 4 comes closer to the beginning of that arbitration and not 4 Q From the time that Continental had the-- from the time 5 that Mr. Smith reported to Continental the results of the earlier. 6 The fact that she had picked up or did not pick up 6 review from Dr. Kenyon, would it have been appropriate 7 7 anything from him for a number of months prior to the for Continental to offer to pay to Ms. Cohodas somewhere between \$500,000 and \$600,000 than go to arbitration over 8 8 arbitration I don't think falls necessarily below the 9 standard of care. 9 the difference? 10 A At that point in time, October 3rd, was when, in fact, 10 Q Do you agree, whether it falls below the standard of care 11 or not, that using such tools could be helpful in 11 they determined that the reserves were changed, so that's 12 12 ensuring that Continental was getting the information it the date of the reserves, and within seven days the 13 reserves were increased to \$1 million and were paid. 13 needed from its defense counsel? 14 Q Yeah, but let's go back to August when Ms. Davenport got 14 A I think the only thing that matters here is whether or 15 15 not he was within the standard of care. the information. 16 I don't have an opinion as to whether or not it 16 Would it have been appropriate, upon receipt of that information, to promptly adjust the reserves and make an 17 would be useful. 17 18 My opinions really are limited to the standard of 18 offer to Ms. Cohodas for the undisputed amounts? 19 19 A The reserves were not adjusted, so there wasn't anything care. 20 20 Q How long did it take for Dr. Kenyon to review the medical in the reserves at that point in time to be able to do 21 records and be able to provide an oral report to 21 that. 22 Mr. Smith? 22 She fell below guidelines in failing to change the

23

24

25

reserves, so absolutely she did not follow Continental's

procedures, but four days-- one week after the increase

to \$600,000, the reserves were further increased to

24

23 A Dr. Kenyon got this assignment ultimately as a rush

assignment, and she was able to review the medical

25 records and provide an oral opinion to Mr. Smith in July

Pages 82..85

	Page 82	Page 84
1	\$1 million and paid.	1 one week after being notified that Ms. Cohodas (sic.)
2	Regardless of the reserve part, as of August 2022, when	2 concluded, for the first time, that her symptoms were
3	Continental finally had the oral opinions from the	3 substantially caused by the April 2015 accident."
4	expert, would it have been appropriate to offer to pay	4 So I would like to talk with you about that Opinion
5	Ms. Cohodas the undisputed amounts, since they valued it	5 No. 4, okay?
6	at between \$500,000 and \$600,000?	6 A Yes.
7	A I stand on my prior answer.	7 I think you swallowed the fact that it was
8	You can't pay unless you have a reserve increase.	8 "Ms. Cohodas's doctors concluded," but that's exactly it.
9	No reserves were increased, so there was no payment	9 Q Yeah, I read what you wrote.
10	because the reserves were not increased.	10 A Yes.
11	Within a week after the reserves were increased,	11 Q So I think we covered a bunch of this stuff already, so
12	they were increased again to the full policy limits, and	12 this may be fairly quick, but with regard to the idea
13	that was paid.	13 that there were new medical opinions that tied up, for
	•	
14 15		
15	Let's say that Cindy Davenport promptly updated the	15 confirming, no one at Continental actually read all of
16	reserves after the phone call with Mr. Smith about his	the medical records which the demand that was sent
17	call with the expert, so that in September of 2022 the	17 indicated did show causation, correct?
18	reserves had been adjusted as to what would have been	18 A Not correct.
19	consistent with Continental's guidelines to between	MR. TODARO: Object to form.
20	\$500,000 and \$600,000.	20 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) No one employed by the Continental
21	Would it be appropriate at that point in time to	21 Insurance Company, not as an independent contractor,
22	offer to Ms. Cohodas to pay her the undisputed amounts?	22 actually read any of the medical records that accompanied
23	A And the answer is it's an impossibility because the	23 the demand, correct?
24	reserves weren't raised, so I'm in this endless loop, and	24 A Correct.
25	I can't answer your hypothetical.	25 Q And no one at Continental ever explicitly told
1	Page 83	Page 85  1 Ms Lester as counsel for Ms Cohodas that they
1	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased,	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they
2	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?	<ul><li>Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li><li>challenged causation, correct?</li></ul>
2	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of	<ol> <li>Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> </ol>
2 3 4	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right? In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my	<ol> <li>Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>that.</li> </ol>
2 3 4 5	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job	<ol> <li>Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>that.</li> <li>I don't know that that is true or not true.</li> </ol>
2 3 4 5 6	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right? In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.	<ol> <li>Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>that.</li> <li>I don't know that that is true or not true.</li> <li>Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any</li> </ol>
2 3 4 5 6 <b>7</b>	<ul> <li>Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?</li> <li>In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.</li> <li>A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>that.</li> <li>I don't know that that is true or not true.</li> <li>Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any</li> <li>documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone</li> </ol>
2 3 4 5 6 <b>7</b> <b>8</b>	<ul> <li>Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?</li> <li>In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.</li> <li>A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>2 challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>4 that.</li> <li>5 I don't know that that is true or not true.</li> <li>6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any</li> <li>7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone</li> <li>8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct?</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 <b>7</b> <b>8</b> <b>9</b>	<ul> <li>Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?</li> <li>In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.</li> <li>A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>2 challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>4 that.</li> <li>5 I don't know that that is true or not true.</li> <li>6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any</li> <li>7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone</li> <li>8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct?</li> <li>9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?</li> <li>In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.</li> <li>A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.</li> <li>Can I ask a question?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>2 challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>4 that.</li> <li>5 I don't know that that is true or not true.</li> <li>6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any</li> <li>7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone</li> <li>8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct?</li> <li>9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had</li> <li>10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 <b>7</b> <b>8</b> <b>9</b>	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this	<ul> <li>1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>2 challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>4 that.</li> <li>5 I don't know that that is true or not true.</li> <li>6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any</li> <li>7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone</li> <li>8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct?</li> <li>9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had</li> <li>10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was</li> <li>11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?</li> <li>In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.</li> <li>A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.</li> <li>Can I ask a question?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>2 challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>4 that.</li> <li>5 I don't know that that is true or not true.</li> <li>6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any</li> <li>7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone</li> <li>8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct?</li> <li>9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had</li> <li>10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this	<ul> <li>1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they</li> <li>2 challenged causation, correct?</li> <li>3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding</li> <li>4 that.</li> <li>5 I don't know that that is true or not true.</li> <li>6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any</li> <li>7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone</li> <li>8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct?</li> <li>9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had</li> <li>10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was</li> <li>11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room,
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set of opinions.	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room, 15 causation, or not, I don't know, but in that kind of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Q In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set of opinions.  THE WITNESS: I thought that was the	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room, 15 causation, or not, I don't know, but in that kind of 16 conversation, the issue of causation would not need to be
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set of opinions.  THE WITNESS: I thought that was the case.  Is that okay?	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room, 15 causation, or not, I don't know, but in that kind of 16 conversation, the issue of causation would not need to be 17 explicitly stated because obviously it is the subject
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set of opinions.  THE WITNESS: I thought that was the case.  Is that okay?  MR. BRIDGMAN: That's fine by me.	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room, 15 causation, or not, I don't know, but in that kind of 16 conversation, the issue of causation would not need to be 17 explicitly stated because obviously it is the subject 18 matter of which they are speaking.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hourMR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set of opinions.  THE WITNESS: I thought that was the case.  Is that okay?  MR. BRIDGMAN: That's fine by me.  Let's double check with everyone else, but yes.	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room, 15 causation, or not, I don't know, but in that kind of 16 conversation, the issue of causation would not need to be 17 explicitly stated because obviously it is the subject 18 matter of which they are speaking. 19 Q And once all the medical records were provided and the 20 95-page demand, no one at Continental communicated with
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set of opinions.  THE WITNESS: I thought that was the case.  Is that okay?  MR. BRIDGMAN: That's fine by me.  Let's double check with everyone else, but yes.  MR. TODARO: Yeah, of course.	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room, 15 causation, or not, I don't know, but in that kind of 16 conversation, the issue of causation would not need to be 17 explicitly stated because obviously it is the subject 18 matter of which they are speaking. 19 Q And once all the medical records were provided and the 20 95-page demand, no one at Continental communicated with 21 Ms. Lester indicating that Continental challenged
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set of opinions.  THE WITNESS: I thought that was the case.  Is that okay?  MR. BRIDGMAN: That's fine by me.  Let's double check with everyone else, but yes.  MR. TODARO: Yeah, of course.  (Recess 11:50 a.m. to 12:01 p.m.)	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room, 15 causation, or not, I don't know, but in that kind of 16 conversation, the issue of causation would not need to be 17 explicitly stated because obviously it is the subject 18 matter of which they are speaking. 19 Q And once all the medical records were provided and the 20 95-page demand, no one at Continental communicated with 21 Ms. Lester indicating that Continental challenged 22 causation, correct?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set of opinions.  THE WITNESS: I thought that was the case.  Is that okay?  MR. BRIDGMAN: That's fine by me.  Let's double check with everyone else, but yes.  MR. TODARO: Yeah, of course.  (Recess 11:50 a.m. to 12:01 p.m.)  Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Okay. So moving on to the fourth	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room, 15 causation, or not, I don't know, but in that kind of 16 conversation, the issue of causation would not need to be 17 explicitly stated because obviously it is the subject 18 matter of which they are speaking. 19 Q And once all the medical records were provided and the 20 95-page demand, no one at Continental communicated with 21 Ms. Lester indicating that Continental challenged 22 causation, correct? 23 A No one from Continental communicated to Ms. Lester after
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	In my hypothetical the reserves have been increased, right?  In my hypothetical I want you to assume that as of September, the reserves were increased because in my hypothetical Cindy Davenport did her job and did her job timely.  A But she didn't do her job and she didn't do her job timely, so I find it impossible to imagine that, in fact, she did.  Can I ask a question?  Customarily I would like to take a break at this point, since we've been going a little over an hour-MR. BRIDGMAN: Well, this is a good time. We are just getting ready to go into the next set of opinions.  THE WITNESS: I thought that was the case.  Is that okay?  MR. BRIDGMAN: That's fine by me.  Let's double check with everyone else, but yes.  MR. TODARO: Yeah, of course.  (Recess 11:50 a.m. to 12:01 p.m.)	1 Ms. Lester, as counsel for Ms. Cohodas, that they 2 challenged causation, correct? 3 A I don't know of any communication to Ms. Lester regarding 4 that. 5 I don't know that that is true or not true. 6 Q In the documents you reviewed, you did not see any 7 documented evidence or testimony indicating that anyone 8 told Ms. Lester that causation was challenged, correct? 9 A In the reports of Ms. Davenport of communications she had 10 with Ms. Lester, the indication from those reports was 11 that they, in fact, had talked about the medical records 12 availability and her treatment, all of which would go to 13 causation. 14 Whether they discussed the elephant in the room, 15 causation, or not, I don't know, but in that kind of 16 conversation, the issue of causation would not need to be 17 explicitly stated because obviously it is the subject 18 matter of which they are speaking. 19 Q And once all the medical records were provided and the 20 95-page demand, no one at Continental communicated with 21 Ms. Lester indicating that Continental challenged 22 causation, correct?

Pages 86..89

Page 88 Page 86 1 Q But, again, no one at Continental even bothered to read declarations? 1 2 the medical records, right? 2 A I don't know. 3 A Medical records were not reviewed until Dr. Kenyon 3 Q Would it surprise you to find out that no one employed at 4 reviewed them. the Continental Insurance Company actually reviewed those 5 Q You reviewed them, but Cindy Davenport never reviewed declarations prior to the filing of this lawsuit? 6 them, correct? 6 A It wouldn't surprise me in the sense that they went-- the 7 A You have made that point very clear, and I don't disagree 7 declarations went to counsel, counsel then discussed it 8 with you on that. 8 with Ms. Davenport, and I believe also with 9 Q And it was her duty, in adjusting the claim, in order to 9 Ms. Davenport's supervisor, so the counsel had made them 10 treat her insured correctly, to review the materials that 10 aware that, in fact, there was certainty here and that 11 were provided, correct? 11 the experts used by Ms. Cohodas, her treating physicians, 12 A She had an obligation to read those medical records. She 12 were far better qualified than the eminently qualified 13 did not. 13 but not a POTS expert, Dr. Kenyon. 14 Q And she had an obligation also, after reviewing the 14 Q And that was a fact that they knew all along when they medical records, to communicate with Ms. Cohodas, through 15 hired Dr. Kenyon. Ms. Lester, to indicate if she had issues with causation, 16 Dr. Kenyon told defense counsel, "I am not a POTS 17 right? 17 expert," correct? 18 MR. TODARO: Object to form. 18 A She told them. She was a rheumatologist. 19 THE WITNESS: I don't know that that's 19 POTS is an unusual condition, and Dr. Grubb is the 20 20 person who has made his name in the forefront of POTS, the case. 21 The causation that was contained in the medical 21 but as a rheumatologist and with the training and 22 22 records was clearly sufficiently unclear-- well, "clearly education that she had, it was certainly not -- it 23 unclear," that's not a good way to say it. Was 23 certainly met the standard of care to retain her as an 24 sufficiently unclear, that even the medical experts had 24 expert. 25 some difficulty with it. 25 When you have an unusual condition, you are not Page 87 Page 89 For example, Dr. Singh had to be prompted by 1 always able to find someone-- speaking as a defense 2 2 Ms. Lester to clarify his own opinions regarding the attorney, you are not always able to find someone who 3 causation, so there are issues as to causation throughout 3 fills that bill, so it would not be below the standard of 4 this case. 4 care to have her, Dr. Kenyon, retained to evaluate this. 5 Ms. Davenport did not communicate with Ms. Lester 5 Q Do you agree with me that the only source information as 6 regarding the medical records. There is no question to what Mr. Smith told Continental about these 7 about that. declarations is found in the notation in the claim file for the conversation that happened on 10/10-- I'm sorry, 8 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Good faith claims handling would 9 require that you have that communication, that open line 9 10/11/22? 10 A I thought it was 10/10, but in any event, I don't know 10 of discussion, correct? 11 A There had been an open line of discussion up until the 11 that that's the case. 12 time of the demand. 12 The reserves were changed exceptionally quickly, and 13 13 Why Ms. Davenport did not respond to that demand, I so it's clear that there must have been information that 14 don't know. It violated Continental's standards. It was 14 was received not only from Ms. Davenport but also with 15 15 not an appropriate response, but she did not respond. respect to her superiors, so that the policy limits could 16 Q And you went into some effort to analyze the declarations 16 17 that were provided by Ms. Lester in advance of the 17 This was probably the product of the fact that 18 18 arbitration, correct? Continental had had this system that had been put into 19 A I reviewed the declarations that were submitted on 19 place which tagged the fact that claims were not being--20 20 October 7th, 2022, yes. there was no claims activity in the file, so a number of 21 Q Are you aware of whether or not anyone employed at-- so 21 people were looking at this, and so they were able to 22 I'm excluding independent contractors. I am excluding 22 very quickly get those reserves increased, and that was 23 23 Paul Smith. through the transmission of information. Are you aware of whether or not anyone at the 24 Q What sources of information do you look to, to see what it is that Mr. Smith told Continental regarding the 25 Continental Insurance Company actually reviewed those 25

Pages 90..93

Page 90	Page 9
1 declarations of the two treating physicians?	1 I can't guess otherwise because they were in an
2 A What's in the claims file and the information regarding	2 arbitration, and this would be a very reasonable thing to
3 that?	3 do, and the arbitration, in fact, had not taken place, it
4 Q You say at the conclusion of this section, regardless of	4 was scheduled for November 2022, so it's hard to say,
the gaps in communication and the adjustment process and	5 but, in fact, they did submit declarations for purposes
6 the failures of defense counsel, there's no indication	6 of that arbitration.
7 that Ms. Cohodas's doctors and lawyers could have	7 I think that counsel probably would not do it prior
8 provided that linkage any sooner than they did.	8 to having the arbitration, but I don't know that to be a
9 Did I read that correctly?	9 fact.
10 A You did.	10 Q Are you aware that the defendants that Continental's
11 Q If Continental had told Ms. Lester, "We need declarations	11 materials were also due on 10/7?
connecting the dots," then there would be nothing that	12 A My understanding was that they were due on October 14th
would have prevented Ms. Lester from getting those	13 not October 7th.
declarations, that you are aware of, correct?	14 Q Were you aware that they were due on October 7th and
15 A I have no idea.	15 defense counsel missed that deadline and asked for a week
16 That is something completely out of my knowledge or	16 extension, which was granted?
17 ability to know what she would do or would not do.	17 A That would seem to be what happened.
18 She prompted her doctor, one of her doctors, to	18 Q While Continental eventually increased its reserves to
19 clarify his opinions shortly before she had to submit the	19 a million dollars, isn't it true that Continental's
20 pre-hearing declaration of evidence to the Court, and he	20 original plan was to try to go to medication and offer
21 did, in fact, re-interview Ms. Cohodas, look at the	21 \$500,000?
22 charts, look at further information, and he determined,	22 A At one point in time that was discussed, but it was
23 with much more clarity than before, that, in fact, her	23 obvious they had changed, considering the level and I
24 condition, her current condition, was a result of the	24 think that was actually Paul Smith's suggestion.
25 2015 motor vehicle accident.	25 I don't know that there was any agreement on that
Page 91 1 Q So you say, "No indication that Ms. Cohodas's doctors and	Page 9 1 particular issue.
2 lawyers could have provided the linkage any sooner."	2 In any event, other events superseded that, and the
What was preventing them from providing linkage, in	3 submission of the declaration by the doctors really
4 your view, sooner?	4 established, to a medical certainty, what Ms. Cohodas's
5 A I don't know what was preventing them from providing that	5 condition was and its relationship to the motor vehicle
6 linkage sooner, but they clearly were going through a	6 accident.
7 process of involving evaluation for claims starting first	
process of involving evaluation for claims starting mot	/ () So it wouldn't be appropriate to offer \$500,000 once the
8 with whinlash then talking about hypermobility and	7 Q So it wouldn't be appropriate to offer \$500,000 once the
8 with whiplash, then talking about hypermobility and	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to
9 conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?
<ul> <li>conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't</li> <li>until the time of the pre-trial submission that the</li> </ul>	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached
9 conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't 10 until the time of the pre-trial submission that the 11 clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct? 10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached 11 and I agree with that.
9 conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't 10 until the time of the pre-trial submission that the 11 clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could 12 say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached  11 and I agree with that.  12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached  11 and I agree with that.  12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse  13 for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  4 Q Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached 11 and I agree with that. 12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse 13 for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith 14 case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Q Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its disposal, in terms of investigation, would be to take	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached  11 and I agree with that.  12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse  13 for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith  14 case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused  15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Q Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its disposal, in terms of investigation, would be to take depositions?	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached 11 and I agree with that.  12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse 13 for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith 14 case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused 15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen 16 any evidence to support this. My experience is that the
onditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  If Q Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its disposal, in terms of investigation, would be to take depositions?  If A It's possible.	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached 11 and I agree with that.  12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse 13 for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith 14 case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused 15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen 16 any evidence to support this. My experience is that the 17 reserving of the file for policy limits, which took place
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Q Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its disposal, in terms of investigation, would be to take depositions?  A It's possible. I don't know what parameters were established	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached 11 and I agree with that. 12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse 13 for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith 14 case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused 15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen 16 any evidence to support this. My experience is that the 17 reserving of the file for policy limits, which took place 18 on October 12th, indicates that the limits will be paid."
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Under the point was a result of the motor vehicle accident.	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached 11 and I agree with that. 12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse 13 for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith 14 case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused 15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen 16 any evidence to support this. My experience is that the 17 reserving of the file for policy limits, which took place 18 on October 12th, indicates that the limits will be paid." 19 Did I read that correctly?
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Q Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its disposal, in terms of investigation, would be to take depositions?  R It's possible. I don't know what parameters were established between counsel with respect to this arbitration, whether it was agreed to submit the medical experts' opinion in	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached 11 and I agree with that. 12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse 13 for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith 14 case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused 15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen 16 any evidence to support this. My experience is that the 17 reserving of the file for policy limits, which took place 18 on October 12th, indicates that the limits will be paid." 19 Did I read that correctly?  20 A You did.
onditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Q Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its disposal, in terms of investigation, would be to take depositions?  R It's possible. I don't know what parameters were established between counsel with respect to this arbitration, whether it was agreed to submit the medical experts' opinion in just declaration form, which is, in fact, a form of,	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached.  11 and I agree with that.  12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused  15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen any evidence to support this. My experience is that the reserving of the file for policy limits, which took place on October 12th, indicates that the limits will be paid."  19 Did I read that correctly?  20 A You did.  21 Q So Continental had increased their reserves to \$600,000
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Q Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its disposal, in terms of investigation, would be to take depositions?  I don't know what parameters were established between counsel with respect to this arbitration, whether it was agreed to submit the medical experts' opinion in just declaration form, which is, in fact, a form of, obviously, legal certainty here in the deposition because	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached.  11 and I agree with that.  12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused  15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen any evidence to support this. My experience is that the reserving of the file for policy limits, which took place on October 12th, indicates that the limits will be paid."  19 Did I read that correctly?  20 A You did.  21 Q So Continental had increased their reserves to \$600,000 earlier, correct?
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.    Q   Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its   disposal, in terms of investigation, would be to take   depositions?   A   It's possible.   I don't know what parameters were established   between counsel with respect to this arbitration, whether   it was agreed to submit the medical experts' opinion in   just declaration form, which is, in fact, a form of,   obviously, legal certainty here in the deposition because   it is under penalty of perjury, the same as a deposition,	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached 11 and I agree with that. 12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse 13 for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith 14 case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused 15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen 16 any evidence to support this. My experience is that the 17 reserving of the file for policy limits, which took place 18 on October 12th, indicates that the limits will be paid." 19 Did I read that correctly?  20 A You did. 21 Q So Continental had increased their reserves to \$600,000 22 earlier, correct?  23 A I said a week earlier, and that's correct.
conditions that were other issues as well, and it wasn't until the time of the pre-trial submission that the clarity seemed to evolve to the point where they could say, with reasonable medical certainty, that her condition was a result of the motor vehicle accident.  Q Isn't one of the tools that Continental had at its disposal, in terms of investigation, would be to take depositions?  I don't know what parameters were established between counsel with respect to this arbitration, whether it was agreed to submit the medical experts' opinion in just declaration form, which is, in fact, a form of, obviously, legal certainty here in the deposition because	8 declarations came in. It would only be appropriate to 9 offer the million dollars or to pay the million, correct?  10 A That's the conclusion that appears to have been reached.  11 and I agree with that.  12 Q So you have a footnote on Page 14 where you say, "Counse for Ms. Cohodas insinuates that the current bad faith case, which was filed on October 13, 2022, caused  15 Continental to tender the policy limits. I have not seen any evidence to support this. My experience is that the reserving of the file for policy limits, which took place on October 12th, indicates that the limits will be paid."  19 Did I read that correctly?  20 A You did.  21 Q So Continental had increased their reserves to \$600,000 earlier, correct?

Pages 94..97

Molander, Julia - March 28, 2024	Pages 9497
Page 94  1 A They ultimately changed those reserves in very short	Page 96
2 order and paid a million dollars.	2 report.
3 Q But when it was still at 600 and before it went to a	3 I can tell you broadly I disagree that Continental
4 million, they didn't offer her the 600, did they?	4 failed to implement reasonable standards for
5 A The time of this was that the the time of the	5 investigation.
6 evaluation and the setting of the initial reserves to	6 I disagree with her opinion that Continental failed
7 600,000 did not occur until October 6th, and on	7 to respond to relevant communications, except after
8 October 7th they had the final they had the report from	8 April 1, 2021, as we discussed.
9 the pre-hearing saying that, in fact, Ms. Cohodas's	9 There's several other things within that section
10 condition was directly attributable to the motor vehicle	10 that don't seem to really belong with the failure to
11 accident, and so they reserved for a million, and they	11 respond to communications.
12 paid for a million.	12 She has a discussion of reserves, and she has a
13 Q And they didn't share with Ms. Cohodas until October 14th	13 discussion of evaluation. We have talked about my
that they had changed the reserves to a million, correct?	14 analysis of that.
15 A I see that they were that Ms. Cohodas's counsel was	15 She talks about failure to explain. I disagree with
16 informed on that day, yes.	16 her that there was a failure to explain or that there
17 Q And that was the same day that Mr. Smith was informed	17 requires an explanation for the valuation of a particular
18 too, correct?	18 claim.
19 A I don't know that.	19 Failure to investigate, I disagree on that, in that
20 Q So going now to your conclusion, you say, "In my opinion,	20 certainly there was an effort to investigate the
21 Continental's overall approach to the handling of the	21 relationship between Ms. Cohodas's evolving condition and
22 claim for UIM benefits was reasonable, although some	22 the motor vehicle accident that was initially impeded
23 mistakes were made."	23 because of the unavailability of records in the control
What are the mistakes that were made?	24 of Ms. Cohodas and her attorney.
25 A The mistakes were made that Cindy Davenport did not	25 I disagree that she has several other opinions
Page 95	Page 97
Page 95  1 properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after	Page 97  1 under that label that don't seem to really have anything
	Page 97  1 under that label that don't seem to really have anything  2 to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.
1 properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after	1 under that label that don't seem to really have anything
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021;	<ul> <li>under that label that don't seem to really have anything</li> <li>to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after</li> <li>she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021;</li> <li>that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>under that label that don't seem to really have anything</li> <li>to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.</li> <li>She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of</li> </ul>
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate	<ul> <li>under that label that don't seem to really have anything</li> <li>to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.</li> <li>She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of</li> <li>benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that</li> </ul>
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of	<ul> <li>under that label that don't seem to really have anything</li> <li>to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.</li> <li>She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of</li> <li>benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that</li> <li>there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even</li> </ul>
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things.	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things. She could be well criticized for not doing this.	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things. She could be well criticized for not doing this. Why she didn't do this? I don't know.	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things.  She could be well criticized for not doing this. Why she didn't do this? I don't know. Her experience level certainly indicated that she	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things. She could be well criticized for not doing this. Why she didn't do this? I don't know. Her experience level certainly indicated that she should have been on top of this, and it's difficult	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things. She could be well criticized for not doing this. Why she didn't do this? I don't know. Her experience level certainly indicated that she should have been on top of this, and it's difficult it's really just conjecture as to was it personal	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things. She could be well criticized for not doing this. Why she didn't do this? I don't know. Her experience level certainly indicated that she should have been on top of this, and it's difficult it's really just conjecture as to was it personal problems, was it something else, and no one knows. She	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and we have also discussed that as well.
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things.  She could be well criticized for not doing this. Why she didn't do this? I don't know. Her experience level certainly indicated that she should have been on top of this, and it's difficult it's really just conjecture as to was it personal problems, was it something else, and no one knows. She says she doesn't know, and these lapses absolutely	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and we have also discussed that as well.  I think we have covered pretty much what my
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things. She could be well criticized for not doing this. Why she didn't do this? I don't know. Her experience level certainly indicated that she should have been on top of this, and it's difficultit's really just conjecture as to was it personal problems, was it something else, and no one knows. She says she doesn't know, and these lapses absolutely violated Continental's standards and also violated the	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and we have also discussed that as well.  I think we have covered pretty much what my disagreements are with respect to her report.
properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things. She could be well criticized for not doing this. Why she didn't do this? I don't know. Her experience level certainly indicated that she should have been on top of this, and it's difficult it's really just conjecture as to was it personal problems, was it something else, and no one knows. She says she doesn't know, and these lapses absolutely violated Continental's standards and also violated the regulations in terms of communication or lack thereof.	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and we have also discussed that as well.  I think we have covered pretty much what my disagreements are with respect to her report.
1 properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after 2 she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; 3 that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her 4 counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate 5 back to him regarding the second settlement demand of 6 August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the 7 period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 8 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated 9 Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of 10 things. 11 She could be well criticized for not doing this. 12 Why she didn't do this? I don't know. 13 Her experience level certainly indicated that she 14 should have been on top of this, and it's difficult 15 it's really just conjecture as to was it personal 16 problems, was it something else, and no one knows. She 17 says she doesn't know, and these lapses absolutely 18 violated Continental's standards and also violated the 19 regulations in terms of communication or lack thereof. 20 Q Any other mistakes?	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and we have also discussed that as well.  I think we have covered pretty much what my disagreements are with respect to her report.  And while you disagree with her on the failure to investigate, we do agree that any investigation that was
1 properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after 2 she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; 3 that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her 4 counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate 5 back to him regarding the second settlement demand of 6 August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the 7 period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 8 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated 9 Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of 10 things. 11 She could be well criticized for not doing this. 12 Why she didn't do this? I don't know. 13 Her experience level certainly indicated that she 14 should have been on top of this, and it's difficult 15 it's really just conjecture as to was it personal 16 problems, was it something else, and no one knows. She 17 says she doesn't know, and these lapses absolutely 18 violated Continental's standards and also violated the 19 regulations in terms of communication or lack thereof. 20 Q Any other mistakes? 21 A Those are the mistakes the communication mistakes	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and we have also discussed that as well.  I think we have covered pretty much what my disagreements are with respect to her report.  And while you disagree with her on the failure to investigate, we do agree that any investigation that was eventually undertaken was not timely, correct?
1 properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after 2 she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; 3 that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her 4 counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate 5 back to him regarding the second settlement demand of 6 August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the 7 period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 8 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated 9 Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of 10 things. 11 She could be well criticized for not doing this. 12 Why she didn't do this? I don't know. 13 Her experience level certainly indicated that she 14 should have been on top of this, and it's difficult 15 it's really just conjecture as to was it personal 16 problems, was it something else, and no one knows. She 17 says she doesn't know, and these lapses absolutely 18 violated Continental's standards and also violated the 19 regulations in terms of communication or lack thereof. 20 Q Any other mistakes? 21 A Those are the mistakes the communication mistakes 22 really stand out to me.	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and we have also discussed that as well.  I think we have covered pretty much what my disagreements are with respect to her report.  Q And while you disagree with her on the failure to investigate, we do agree that any investigation that was eventually undertaken was not timely, correct?
she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate back to him regarding the second settlement demand of August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the period of time of September 2021 to March or April of Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of things.  She could be well criticized for not doing this. Why she didn't do this? I don't know.  Her experience level certainly indicated that she should have been on top of this, and it's difficult- it's really just conjecture as to was it personal problems, was it something else, and no one knows. She says she doesn't know, and these lapses absolutely violated Continental's standards and also violated the regulations in terms of communication or lack thereof. Q Any other mistakes?  A Those are the mistakes the communication mistakes really stand out to me.	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and we have also discussed that as well.  I think we have covered pretty much what my disagreements are with respect to her report.  And while you disagree with her on the failure to investigate, we do agree that any investigation that was eventually undertaken was not timely, correct?  A I don't think that I disagree with that I mean, that I agree with your position.
1 properly communicate with counsel for Ms. Cohodas after 2 she had received the settlement demand of April 1, 2021; 3 that Ms. Davenport did not communicate well with her 4 counsel after he was appointed, failed to communicate 5 back to him regarding the second settlement demand of 6 August 2021; and she failed to communicate within the 7 period of time of September 2021 to March or April of 8 2022 March of 2022, and she this violated 9 Continental's standards. She was not keeping on top of 10 things. 11 She could be well criticized for not doing this. 12 Why she didn't do this? I don't know. 13 Her experience level certainly indicated that she 14 should have been on top of this, and it's difficult 15 it's really just conjecture as to was it personal 16 problems, was it something else, and no one knows. She 17 says she doesn't know, and these lapses absolutely 18 violated Continental's standards and also violated the 19 regulations in terms of communication or lack thereof. 20 Q Any other mistakes? 21 A Those are the mistakes the communication mistakes 22 really stand out to me.	under that label that don't seem to really have anything to do with failure to investigate, that I disagree with.  She concludes there was an unreasonable denial of benefits. I disagree with that. I don't think that there was any unreasonable denial of benefits. Even though the benefits were denied, there was an arbitration scheduled to resolve the issues of causation and find whether or not there might be obligation to pay and in what amount, and that there had never been a denial, and you and I have discussed that.  I really disagree that Continental forced its insured into litigation. I think that this was entirely a determination by counsel, it was one day after the initial settlement offer expired, that this was determined that the arbitration needed to take place, and we have also discussed that as well.  I think we have covered pretty much what my disagreements are with respect to her report.  Q And while you disagree with her on the failure to investigate, we do agree that any investigation that was eventually undertaken was not timely, correct?

Pages 98..101

Molander, Julia - March 28, 2024	Pages 9810
Page 98  1 reports that with medical certainty really showed that	Page 100  1 STATE OF WASHINGTON ) I, Terilynn Simons, CCR, RMR, CRR
2 there was a direct connection and that they were willing	) ss a certified court reporter
3 to state that under penalty of perjury that there was a	2 County of Pierce ) in the State of Washington, do hereby certify:
4 reasonable certainty with that medical connection.	3
5 Her communications are at fault, but I'm not sure	That the foregoing deposition of JULIA MOLANDER was
6 that I would agree that the that an investigation or	5 taken before me and completed on March 28, 2024, and
_	thereafter was transcribed under my direction; that the deposition is a full, true and complete transcript of the
-	testimony of said witness, including all questions, answers,
8 would have arrived at any different conclusion than they	7 objections, motions and exceptions; 8 That the witness, before examination, was by me duly
9 did on October 7th, 2022.	sworn to testify the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but
MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. So what I would	9 the truth, and that the witness reserved the right of signature;
like to do now is take a short break, confer with	10
Counsel, and then I'll come back, but if you guys want,	That I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counse
you can take you can take a full ten minutes, but we	of any party to this action or relative or employee of any such attorney or counsel and that I am not financially
4 will probably be back in five, and if our cameras turn	12 interested in the said action or the outcome thereof;
on, you are welcome to come back, but if you are doing	13 That I am herewith securely sealing the said deposition and promptly delivering the same to Kari Lester.
6 something, that's fine too.	14
THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you.	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my signature on the 29th day of March, 2024.
8 MR. BRIDGMAN: Off the record.	16
9 (Recess 12:29 to 12:38 p.m.)	17   18
20 Q (By Mr. Bridgman) Ms. Molander, have you been asked to	19
perform any other work, beyond the report that you've	/S/TERILYNN SIMONS, CCR, RPR, RMR, CRR 20 State of Washington CCR #2047
done? In other words, are you planning on supplementing	My CCR certification expires on 7/7/24
the report, doing additional investigation, et cetera?	21   22
24 A I do not, other than reading Ms. Owen's report, and I	23
25 have already done that.	24 25
Page 99	Page 10
1 Q You have done that. I asked you the questions about it?	
2 A Yes.	2
3 Q This is the standard cleanup stuff.	3 April 04, 2024 4 NAME OF CASE: Cohodas vs The Continental Insurance Compan
I am just making sure that you don't anticipate	5 DATE OF DEPOSITION: 03/28/2024
5 giving any opinions that are different than what you have	6 NAME OF WITNESS: Julia Molander
6 either testified about, especially with Ms. Owens, or	7
7 what is contained in your written report.	8
8 A That's correct.	9 This letter is to advise you of the fellowing
9 Q And you don't intend, at least right now, to do any other	This letter is to advise you of the following:
10 investigation work, interviews, et cetera, to gather more	Signature was reserved. The Affidavit and
information related to your opinions in this case; is	11 Correction sheet are being forwarded to you in
that correct?	electronic form. Please have the deponent
3 A That's correct.	12 review the transcript, note any corrections on
MR. BRIDGMAN: Okay. Those are all of	the corrections page, and return the signed  13 affidavit and correction page to us within
the questions that I have. Thank you for taking the time	30 days of this notice. According to Court
l6 to be with us today.	Rule 30(e), the deposition affidavit should be
7 MR. TODARO: Thank you, no questions.	signed within thirty (30) days or signature is
8 (Deposition concluded at 12:39 p.m.)	15 considered waived.
(Signature reserved.)	16
20	17   18
21	19
22	20
23	21
24	22
25	23
<u></u>	24
	25